The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,851—New Series. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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To Subscribers—Up-country.

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TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs.	5 0
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Third do.	„	2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	„	0 2½

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12lines of which go to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8	As. per Line.
Second do.	4½	„ „
Third and succeeding	2½	„ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.
For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Re.	1-0
Each succeeding line	„	0-8

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.
No Advertisements will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.
Price per Copy .....As. 4.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MALDA 1,945 Tons, on THURSDAY, 17th June, 1880, at 3 P. M., calling at Carwar Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order weather permitting.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on TUESDAY, 22nd June, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Muscat, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

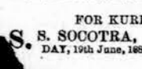
S. S. SOCOTRA, 1,947 Tons, on SATURDAY, 19th June, 1880, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, HODEIDAH AND JEDDAH.

S. S. ABYSSINIA, 1,129 Tons, on DAY, 28th June. Cargo and passengers for Hodeidah to be sent by this steamer.

...KINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., ... 1880. Agents.

...MUNICATION WITH ITALY, ...VIA SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.
THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA BOMBAY
on the 26th, and on the 1st
of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 320	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	
Suez	360	220	90	
Port Said	380	240	90	
Messina	500	340	140	Without food.
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	Including Wines
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	520	360	145	

Children under 2 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st July, 1880.
MANILLA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st August, 1880.
INDIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st September, 1880.

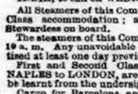
All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.
The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.
First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.
Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

F. MURAGLIA,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Joint Acting Agents, Rubattino S. N. Company.
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL.
VIA MALTA.



THE following sailings have been arranged:—

	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	1880.
WISTOW HALL	2700	460	T. Collin...	about 5th July.
SPEKE HALL	2700	460	W. Brand.	„ 21st July.
BRANKSOME HALL	2100	700	R. Collin.	„ 6th Aug.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	2800	200	J. Verril	„ 21st Aug.
TRENTHAM HALL	2100	200	Jas Shaw	„ 6th Sept.

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade.
Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.
For plans, handbooks of information and any further particulars apply to

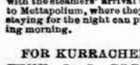
EDWARD BATES & Co.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co. } Agents.

Bombay, 5th June 1880.

ANCHOR LINE

OF
TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN AND STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE.



THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—
MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL
Commanders. Tons. H. P. Nominal.
S. S. BRITANNIA...R Hutchison ... 3960 400 26th June.

TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

S. S. OLYMPIA	J. Craig	2050	424 14th July.
S. S. HISPANIA		3300	400 28th July.
S. S. MACEDONIA	James Laird	2272	456 To follow.
S. S. ITALIA	Thos. S. Knox.	2245	424 To follow.

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.
Each steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to	New York	Rs. 600
„ „	Liverpool	„ 500
„ „	Marseilles and Genoa	„ 450
„ „	Naples	„ 400

For plans, handbooks of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service either from Greenock or from London.
There are weekly sailings from either place.

TARPAULINS OILED, TARRED, OR PAINTED.

ORDERS for the above from Railways and other Public Companies will be executed of the best material, Sewing and Composition, and I guarantee not to crack or stick together, under European superintendence, at the cheapest rate. For terms apply to

REPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co.
No. 6, Apollo Street, Fort.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LD.

Branch of the Société Generale d' Electricite of Paris.

THIS Company is now prepared to undertake the LIGHTING, temporarily or permanently, of Streets, Squares, Gardens, Palaces, Town Halls, Concert or Assembly Rooms, Durbar Halls, Railway Stations, Work-shops, Factories, Mills, Press-houses, Docks, Jetties, Bridges, Towers, Beacons, Light-houses, Steamers and any place where night work is carried on.
The light is further specially suited for Nautches, Marriage Fêtes, Fairs, Balls and such entertainments.
Estimates will be forwarded, on application to the CHIEF ENGINEER, care of

MESSRS. PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	19th June
INDUS	3462	600	S. D. Shallard	26th do.
TEHERAN	2589	400	E. Stewart	3rd July.
NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	10th do.
SUTLEJ	3141	530	W. B. Breare	17th do.
KHEDIVE	3860	600	P. S. Tomlin	24th do.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	31st do.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
RAVENNA	3509	700	G. Lee	18th June.
PEKIN	3800	600	W. M. Robbie	2nd July.
ROHILLA	3300	700		16th „

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
HYDASPES	2984	500	R. Harvey	18th June.
PERIM	2900	650	W. M. Robbie	2nd July.
KAISER-I-HIND (from Galle)	4022	700	R. Methven	„
MALWA	2933	500	W. E. Thompson	15th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 8 p. m. on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 4th June 1880.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 24th March 1880.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per Steamer COHANIM, from LONDON, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL and are REQUESTED to present their BILLS of LADING and TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS, without delay, from the Prince's Dock.
All claims must be presented and passed by the Captain before the departure of the Steamer, none other will be admitted.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

Bombay, 14th June 1880.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

FIRE—LIFE—ANNUITIES.

ANNUAL INCOME	£552,906
FUNDS IN HAND	£926,044
CLAIMS PAID	£2,740,587

Policies issued and claims paid by

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents for Western India.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. A. M. GUBBAY in our Firms in India, China, and England, CEASED on and from the 31st December 1879.

DAVID SASSOON & Co.

14, ST. MARY AXE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E. C., 24TH MAY 1880.

REFERRING to the announcement in the *Times* of the 22nd instant, that my INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY in the Firm of Messrs. DAVID SASSOON and Co. has CEASED, I beg to notify that I have THIS DAY established myself at the above address, under the style of GUBBAY & Co., as Merchants and Commission Agents.

A. M. GUBBAY.

Will be ready by the beginning of May.
Super royal 8vo. Price, Rs. 10.

INDEX to the enactments relating to India. Compiled under the orders of the Government of India, by STEPHEN JACOB, B. C. S., to which are prefixed Chronological Tables of the Acts and Regulations of the Indian Legislatures. Office of superintendent of Government Printing, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

For Sale at this Office, under the authority of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce,

THE AMENDED FORM OF BILL OF LADING for Steamers from BOMBAY to LIVERPOOL via the SUEZ CANAL, as sanctioned by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, at their Meeting on the 28th August 1872. Price per 100 Copies, Rs. 4; 50 Copies, Rs. 2-8; 25 Copies, Re. 1-4; and or single Copy, One Anna.

PASSENGERS INSURED AGAINST DEATH OR ACCIDENTS BY SEA.

LA FONCIERE

COMPAGNIE D'ASSURANCES CONTRE LES RISQUES DE TRANSPORTS DE TOUTE NATURE.
LA COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE D'ASSURANCES MARITIMES REUNIE.

UNDER instructions from our Head Office, we are prepared to GRANT to PASSENGERS, POLICIES of INSURANCE covering RISK of DEATH or ACCIDENTS during VOYAGES by STEAMERS to England, European Ports or Indian Ports at very moderate rates.
By P. & O. steamers to Southampton or Brindisi and Venice, inclusive of the risk of transit by Rail across Egypt, £8. per £100.
Other voyages in proportion.
Applications for rates and other particulars to be made to

LANG, MOIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 3rd June 1880.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE AND COMPANY,

AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE of Saddlery, Harness, English Leather Machine Beltings, Furniture, and a model of an English Hunter full size, &c., &c., at Meadow Street, Fort, No. 42.
Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, without reserve, at the above-mentioned place the whole of the stock-in-trade belonging to Messrs. Rowland and Co., TO-MORROW, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, 18th and 19th instant, sale to commence at 1 p. m., as follows, viz:—
Duke's foot balls, bladders, cricket spring bats, stumps, racket, lawn tennis, and badminton bats, ladies' and gents' Gladstone bags, harvesacks, cartridge and game bags, hunting knives, Rosela and Morocco leather metallic books and cigar cases, all sorts of gig and carriage reins, very superior riding, driving, and hunting whips, walking sticks and hunting crops, horse furniture in every requisites, Pelham, Weymouth, and Snaffle bridles, real solid leather and Japanned portmanteaus, gents', ladies', boys' and girls' saddles, double and single sets of plated and brass mounted harness, tonga harness, German silver plated and gilted harness, furniture in great varieties, chain bits, chains, reins, stirrups, &c., of all descriptions, one model of our English hunter full size, I. R. mats, rugs, umbrellas, carriage mats and lamps, Prince's checkcloth, Kersey cloth, a large quantity of merchant iron, leather belting of different sizes, a collection of superior brushes, harness, composition jet blacking and all sorts of leather preservers, plate powders, hides and skins, furniture consisting of black and teakwood glass door cupboards, presses, show-cases, tables, chairs, boxes, and copying press, &c., &c.
The property is now on view. Catalogues are printed.

ON COMMISSION SALE.

Just received per s. s. Ancona, a fresh batch of celebrated N. Joseph's Ladies', Gents', Boys' and Girls' Boots and Shoes of very superior quality, and of different designs.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 17th June 1880.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 17th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their Usual Weekly Auction Sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece goods, twist, &c.—
14 bales T. red twist.
4 bales blue twist.
5 „ grey shirtings.
2 „ grey dhoties.
5 cases colored prints.
Invoices of plated, hardware and glassware consisting of tea and coffee services, waiters, liquor and cruet stands, butter pots, claret jug, flower vases, biscuit boxes, cups and saucers, assorted glasses, assorted lanterns, boxes, cutlery, &c., &c.
On account of the underwriters ex. s. Geelong—
DS—6 cases damaged umbrellas.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 17th June, 1880.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.

No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON.
On MONDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Wari Bunder—
105 bales of damaged cotton.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co will sell by Public Auction at their room—
1 case containing 6 sets of English plated-mounted single harness.
12 Persian fowls and 3 bantams.
AT 1 P. M.
1 pair handsome fast-trotting bay Arab horses, good goers.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 17th June, 1880.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT DHOBEETALAO.
On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of Mr. Nowrojee Framjee, the administrator of the estate and property of the late Byramjee Framjee, the following landed property.
Lot No. 2.—All that piece of pension tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling house standing thereon, situate in the 4th Marine Lane (called Caribee) Dhobeetalao, outside the Fort, containing by admeasurement about 10 feet in breadth and 30 feet in length, and bounded on the east by a compartment of house belonging to Mr Jehangeer Framjee Bukshoo, on the west by a compartment of house of Mr. Bomanjee Ruttonjee Pustagia, on the north by public road and a compartment of the house of Hirjee Jamasjee Soomerigree, and on the south by a sweeper's passage and the house or chall of Mr. Mooljee Sumboor.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co,

Bombay, 17th June, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HERR BITTERSMANN'S
GRAND CONCERTS
EVERY EVENING
AT
TEMPLE BAR.
COMMENCING AT 9 P. M.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per Italian Mail Steamer SINGAPORE, Captain G. MERELLO, ARRIVED in Harbour on the 16th instant, are hereby requested to SEND BILLS of LADING for counter-signature, and PAY FREIGHT (if any) and apply for DELIVERY ORDERS at the Company's Office, No. 2, Hummum Street, without delay.
All claims for short delivery, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the Steamer, otherwise they will not be admitted under any circumstances.

F. MURAGLIA,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Joint Acting Agents, Rubattino S. N. Company.

Bombay, 16th June 1880.

WANTED, a GENTLEMAN as SECRETARY for the MURREE CLUB who will, *ex-officio*, be a member.
Term of agreement—3 years subject to 3 months' notice.
Salary Rs. 250 rising to Rs. 300 per mensem, at discretion of House Committee, with Board and Lodging at the Club during the season, and compensation at the rate of Rs. 100 per mensem whilst the Club is closed.
A Security of Rupees Ten Thousand is required, as also the highest references.
Preference will be given to a single man.
Applications received up to 30th June.
Apply, stating age, to

E. F. STRANACK,
Honorary Secretary, Special Committee.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS COURT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the FIRST WEDNESDAY in the month of July next is APPOINTED for a FURTHER HEARING of the matters of the Petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents for the purpose of DECLARING a FIRST DIVIDEND:—

Re Radhabai [*alias* Dhakibai or Chubai]	...of 6 per cent.
Re Framjee Muncherjee Wadia	...of 8 per cent.
Re Dinshaw Hormusjee and Co.	...of 2½ per cent.
Re Henry Robert Harrap	...of 5 per cent.
Re Tyabjee Adamjee and other	...of 4 per cent.
Re Furbhudas Atmaram	...of 2½ per cent.
Re Khoja Mulu Bhulu and other	...of 6 as. per cent.

C. W. L. JACKSON,
Clerk of the Court.

Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 16th day of June 1880.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
In the MATTER of Act X. of 1866, and in the MATTER of the MANDVIE SPINNING, WEAVING and PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an Order made by the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY on the 30th day of April, 1880, in the above matter, Mr. GEORGE WARING MOIR has been APPOINTED ATTORNEY to act for and in the place of Mr. John Young Lang, Official Liquidator of the above-named Company, during his absence from Bombay, which appointment will take effect from the 21st day of June 1880.

JOHN Y. LANG,
Official Liquidator of the above-named Company.

Bombay, June 1880.

JEAN-VINCENT BULLEY'S
PARISIAN TOILET VINEGAR.
AS AN ADJUNCT TO THE DAILY BATH DURING THE HOT WEATHER, IS EMINENTLY REFRESHING AND SALUBRIOUS.
PROMOTING THE FUNCTIONS OF THE SKIN AND IMPARTING AN AGREEABLE PERFUME TO THE BODY.

Large bottle, Cash .....Rs. 1 each.

TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER,
BOTTLED BY FOSTER.

THE NEW SEASON'S PREPARATION of this deliciously refreshing Beverage has arrived, and fully maintains its high reputation.

Quarts per doz. Cash	Rs.	8	0
Pints	„	„	5 8

SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.

FINE BORDEAUX CLARET.
Bottled, Capsuled and Labelled under PRACTICAL EUROPEAN SUPERVISION at the Company's Wine Cellars, Byculla. Unquestionably the best value in this market.
In cases of 1 dozen..Cash Rs. 10.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

Perfectly Safe and always Beneficial.
GEHRIG'S
ELECTRO-MOTOR TEETHING NECKLACES
are strongly recommended for all Children during the period of dentition. They have been successfully used in the Families of Their Royal Highnesses
THE CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY.
THE PRINCE FREDERICK CHARLES OF PRUSSIA.
THE PRINCE GEORGE OF SAXONY.
Cash Re. 1-0. Credit Re. 1-2,
of the appointed Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, (Ld.),
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

FOR SALE, a Grand PIANO by COLLARD and COLLARD, Brass bounded, in excellent condition. Apply to "Z.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

MORTON & Co. have received at their EMPORIUM (THE FIRST AND ORIGINAL ESTABLISHMENT OF ITS KIND) this year's SPRING CROP TEAS of some of the MOST WELL KNOWN PLANTATIONS in the KANGRA VALLEY, 24, CHURCH GATE STREET. SOLE AGENTS of HOLTA TEA COMPANY, LIMITED. POONA AGENTS:—Messrs. MORGAN and BALKRISHNA.

WANTED, a light LANDAU or OPEN CARRIAGE, suitable for a pair of Arab Galloways, in good order, not exceeding Rs. 700. Apply to Mr. ARDASEER JAMSETJEE, No. 13, Forbes Street.

MERRYWEATHER & SONS' FIRE ENGINES FOR SALE. Catalogues furnished on application to C. H. B. FORBES & Co., Agents, Bombay.

IF you feel drowsy and tired during office hours wear a HOLMAN'S LIVER PAD. To be had at all Chemists and of J. PEARSE, Apollo Street. Price Rs. 5.

RAILWAY TERMINUS HOTEL.—Coolest position, First Class Table, Day and Monthly Boarders. Five rooms First Floor for Families, Reasonable terms. Adjoining Gaiety Theatre and Station.

BOARD and LODGING REQUIRED by two Gentlemen with a respectable Family in the neighbourhood of the Fort. Apply H. L., care of this paper.

FOR SALE, a MAGNIFICENT 50 inch Coventry CLUB BICYCLE, five days in use. Weight 32 lbs. Price Rs. 190. Apply to the Post Office, Parell.

FINEST OLD SCOTCH WHISKY FOR SALE at Rs. 24 per dozen. W. M. MACAULAY and Co., 24, Apollo Street.

WHISKY, IRISH and SCOTCH CROWN BRAND. Credit Rs. 18 8 Cash Rs. 18-0 per doz. CUTLER, PALMER and Co., Bombay.

A FINE GHEER COW, with first calf, female (three weeks old), bought at the last Baroda Show, to be SOLD on SATURDAY next, at BENNETT'S AUCTION.

FOR SALE, a high caste ARAB HORSE, used to carry a Lady, very quiet and good tempered. Rising 4. Rs. 500. Apply to K. Y., care of this office.

INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLER'S GUIDE, showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines, with Tables of Fares, and other information required by travellers, with a Coloured Map of India. Published monthly at the *Bombay Gazette* Office. Price As. 8.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS. Comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act. The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act. The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price Rs. 5, interleaved Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PEARSE'S Biscuits, Cakes, Ices, Oilmanstores, and Confectionery, 22, Apollo Street, and 23, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

SOUTH-WEST MONSOON, 1880.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BEG to announce that they have just opened out their
ANNUAL SHIPMENT OF
SUPERIOR WATERPROOF CLOTHING
OF THE VERY BEST LONDON MANUFACTURE,
Specially made for the Indian Market, and of the same superior quality that has characterised their previous importations.

DRAB VULCANISED WATERPROOF COATS,
Light, Durable and Reversible.

Length	46	48	50	52	54	56 inches.
Rupees	12-8	13-0	13-8	14-0	15-0	16-0 each.

INVERNESS CAPES, of same material.

Length	48	50	52	54	56 inches.
Rupees	18-0	18-8	19-0	20-0	21-0 each.

LEGGINGS to match the above, per pair .....Rs. 4-8
COSMOPOLITAN CAPS ditto, each..... „ 4-0

FINE DRAB TWILL CAMBRIC COATS,
with the waterproofing between two textures.

Length	48	50	52	54	56 inches.
Rupees	25-8	26-8	27-8	28-8	30-0 each.

LEGGINGS to match, per pair .....Rs. 7-8

BLUE CASHMERE REGULATION CAVALRY CAPES,
with the waterproofing between two textures.

Length	48	50	52	54	56 inches.
Rupees	36-0	37-8	39-0	40-8	42-0 each.

STOUT WATERPROOF GROUND SHEETS, fitted with brass eyelets
Size 6 feet long by 3 feet broad each Rs. 10-0
„ 7 „ „ 4½ „ „ „ 16-0
„ 8 „ „ 5 „ „ „ 22-8

DRAB TWILL SHEETING with the Waterproofing between two textures, very durable, 60 inches wide .....per pair Rs. 6 12
Ditto in Sheets, about 7½ by 5 feet.....each Rs. 22 8

Subject to 10 per cent discount for Cash.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

WATERPROOF CLOTHING
FOR THE MONSOON.

	Rs.	a.	
DRAB DOUBLE TWILLED COATS.—The Coats have a stout Lining of Rubber between two Cotton fabrics, so that the Sun or Heat has no effect upon them, and they never stick. Will withstand the heaviest rains	25	0	each.
DOUBLE TWILLED WATERPROOF CAPES, made from the same material as the Coats	30	0	„
LEGGINS, made from same material as above	6	8	per pair.
CAPS	3	8	each.

This is by far the best make of Waterproof for Coats and Capes ever produced for India, and we strongly recommend it to the Public as the most suitable, and durable, for Indian wear.

	Rs.	a.	
STOUT WHITE RUBBER CAPES, will withstand the heaviest rains	20	0	each, nett.
LEGGINS to match	5	8	per pair.
CAPS	3	8	each.
LIGHT WHITE RUBBER CAPES, very suitable for walking	12	0	nett.
LIGHT WHITE RUBBER COATS	10	0	„
LEGGINS to match	4	8	
CAPS	3	8	
WHITE WATERPROOF SHEETING, 40 inches wide	4	0	per yard.
THICK DRAB DOUBLE TWILLED WATERPROOF SHEETING, very strong, and warranted not to stick, 60 inches wide	6	8	per yard.
WATERPROOF SHEETS, made from the above, with Brass Eyelets, 7½ feet long by 5 feet wide	25	0	

TEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

WATSON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

SUPERIOR WATERPROOF CLOTHING.

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR TROPICAL WEAR.

DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee for Ready Money.
Which is allowed on all Parcels sent through Value Payable Post.

	Rs.	a.
Drab Vulcanised Cambric Coats, a very useful garment	8	0
Fine Drab Nainsook, very Light and Durable	15	0
Fine Drab Twilled Cambric, Double Texture, the Waterproof Solution being placed between two cloths, it cannot stick or melt when rolled up roughly	25	0
"The Deluge Wrapper," Fine Drab Cashmere, Double Texture with Velvet Collar. The best Waterproof made, will resist for hours the heaviest rain, and cannot stick, melt or tear	30	0
Drab Inverness Capes, useful for Riding or Driving	25	0
The Regulation Military Cloak, Fine Blue Princetta Cloth, Double Texture	40	0
The Horse Guards Regulation Military Cloak, Best Blue Cashmere, Double Texture	48	0
A "Speciality"—THE LEVE ANTIPLUVIUM COAT. The Lightest Waterproof garment ever made, elegant, durable, and moderate in price, occupies a very small compass, weight 8 ounces	15	0
Drab Waterproof Helmets	5	0
Drab Leggings, Double Texture	6	0
Waterproof Sheeting .....72 inches wide, per yard	6	8
Brass Eyelets fitted at.....per doz.	3	0

Mofussil orders to save delay, Chest and Height should be given.

HOAR & CO., 3, Rampart Row. BOMBAY.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER SMITHS AND OPTICIANS.

A SPLENDID STOCK in hand of the following Goods:—

Gentlemen's Gold Watches, Crystal, Half Hunting and Hunting Keyless Levers, full Jewelled, Chronometer balance, suitable for presentation.

Minute and Quarter Repeaters, Chronographs Independent Centre Seconds, Perpetual Calendars, Clock Watches, &c., of high class finish.

Ladies' Gold Watches Keyless Open Face, Half Hunting and Hunting, with beautifully engraved cases. Gentlemen's Silver Hunting and Open-faced Levers, in every style, an immense stock to select from. Ladies' Silver Watches in every new style. Keyless German Silver Railway, Shikar, and Campaign Watches.

An assortment of fine London finished Jewellery, consisting of Brooches, Earrings, Lockets, Necklets, Bracelets, &c. &c.

Optical Goods by A. Menist, of London and Amsterdam, for whom we are Sole Agents in the Bombay Presidency.

None but skilled European workmen are employed in the Repairing Department.

Catalogues and Menist's pamphlet free on application. Goods can be sent by Value Payable Post.

2, Hummum Street, Bombay. 1, East Street, Poona.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

BASS & CO.'S PALE ALE.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned—

HOGSHEADS	Rs.	78
KILDERKINS	„	30

Special rates for regular customers.

LYON & Co.,
Sole Agents for Bass & Co.

McEWAN'S BEER

CAN always be had at the undernoted address; it is of excellent quality, and is highly recommended:—

PRICES FOR CASH.

Quarts	Rs.	4 12	per dos. in Casks of 4 doz.	
Pints	„	2 8	„ „	7 doz.
Hogsheads	„	60 0	per hhd.	

Apply to

WALLACE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

RECEIVED per S.S. CORSICA, a small Consignment of GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE.
GIESSLER'S FOR INDIA, THEIR FINEST BRAND.

	Credit.		Cash.	
Quart per doz	50	0	48	0
Pint „	26	8	25	8

CUTLER, PALMER CO.,
BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.
FROM MESSRS. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN.
AT 8s CHAMPAGNE.

Carte Blanche, dry	Per doz. quarts.	Rs.	36 0
Cabinet India, extra dry	„	„	42 0

SHERRY.
FROM MESSRS. REIN AND Co., MALAGA.

Malaga Sherry, 1878	Per doz. quarts	Rs.	16	8
Do. do. 1876	„	„	17	8
Do. do. 1872	„	„	20	0
Do. do. 1868	„	„	21	0
Montilla Sherry	„	„	21	0
Malaga Sweet Mountain, 1876	„	„	19	0
Do. do. do 1871	„	„	21	0
Muscatel, 1878	„	„	19	0
Do. 1876	„	„	20

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 16.

REUTER'S telegrams of yesterday report a further rise in Consols which are now quoted at 98¼. French Rentes have declined from Fcs. 120 to Fcs. 119⅝. In Indian Government Securities a further advance of ¼ is reported in Fours, which are quoted at 80¼, for Fours-and-a-half are unchanged at 86⅝.

In the London General Produce markets no changes are reported. In Metals, Copper Tiles have advanced to £71 per ton; the first check to the downward course of the market that has been reported for a long time.

The Manchester market for Piece Goods yesterday was firm, but the only change in prices was an advance of 1½d. per piece in 7 lb. Shirtings of good quality.

In Liverpool the Cotton market closed firm with Surats steady. The day's sales amounted to 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were Surats. Prices both on the spot and to arrive were unaltered.

New York telegrams of yesterday still quote Mid. Uplands at 12 cents per lb. and Futures for September delivery was quoted at 11·13 against 11·14 cents per lb. on Monday. The receipts at the U. S. ports to date are as follows :—

	1880	1879	1878
Yesterday's Receipts.....	3,000	1,700	1,400
Four days' Receipts	9,000	3,400	5,200
Total since 1st Sept	4,675,600	4,404,800	4,188,700

BAR SILVER in London yesterday was still quoted at 52¼d. per oz.

STERLING EXCHANGE.—The market opened at yesterday's closing quotations, but there has been a weaker feeling throughout the day, and although rates are nominally unaltered, the feeling this afternoon has been in favour of sellers. As usual on Wednesday the usual uncertainty has existed respecting Council Bills, and pending the weekly allotment there have been very few Bills offering.

The Bank of Bombay's rates of discount were reduced 1 per cent. all round at the usual Board meeting of Directors this afternoon. Closing rates of Exchange are :—

Bank Bills on demand.....		...Is. 8¼d.	per Rs.
,,	3 months' sight...	Is. 8¼d.	,,
Credits	3	do. ...Is. 8 13-32d.	,,
Documents	3	do. ...Is. 8 7-16d.	,,
France	3	do. ...2·15½ to 2·15¾	,,

On Calcutta the rate for demand drafts is unchanged at Rs. 100½ but th t for 60 days' sight bills has advanced to Rs. 99 7-16.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—After considerable fluctuations during the day the market closes weaker at Rs. 96½ for Fours and Rs. 103½ for Fours-and-a-half, but in the morning sales were made of Fours-and-a-half at Rs. 103⅜ to Rs. 104. Fours have been steady throughout the day at Rs. 96¼.

SHARES.—The market keeps fairly steady, but the transactions during the day have been on a very small scale. Bank shares show signs of increased strength owing mainly to the rise in Government Paper, and Bombays have advanced to Rs. 735 and Nationals to Rs. 104. In Spinning and Weaving Companies' the only change is an advance of Rs. 10 per share in Hindustans; Press and Land Companies are unaltered.

COTTON.—The reported business to-day has again been on a very small scale, notwithstanding the continuance of fine weather and moderately favourable accounts from the home markets. Prices are nominally unchanged, but the amount of business passing from day to-day is scarcely sufficient to test them. Arrivals from up-country continue on a liberal scale, yesterday's being 6,466 bales; and making a total for four days of 47,605 bales. We quote :—

Good M. G. Broach.....	Rs.	286
,, Dholleral.....	,,	207
G. F. ,, ...	,,	190
Good Comra	,,	207
F. G. F. ,, ...	,,	198
G. F. Compta	,,	190

LINSEED continues in active request for ready shipment at Rs. 6-9 to Rs. 6-10 per cwt.

RAPESEED is also in good demand at Rs. 6 4 to Rs. 6 6 per cwt. for Groundnut.

WHEAT is in good demand at Rs. 32 per candy for White, and Rs. 28 per candy for Red.

FREIGHTS.—With the exception of some demand for Wheat tonnage for Liverpool at 30s. per ton, there is little enquiry. The nominal rate for measurement cargo is 35s. per ton via Canal, and via Cape 41s. 3d. per ton. Continental rates are unchanged at 50s. per ton for Trieste and Venice (freight paid here at par) and 37s. 6d. per ton for Marseilles and Genoa. For Harve th re is no tonnage offering by steamer, and for London the P. and O. Co. occupies the berth.

PIECE GOODS.—There is no improvement to report, and already complaints are being made, and fears expressed respecting the want of rain: complaints which are manifestly groundless as yet, as it is the exception rather than the rule to have more than a few inches of rain during the month of June.

COTTON is somewhat steadier, with few sellers of shipment to arrive. We quote ready Rs. 45, and July shipment Rs. 43-8 per cwt.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	2,500	500	500	4 p. ct	735
Bank of Bengal	4,000	500	all	8 do	755
Bank of Madras.....	10,000	100	all	8 do	640
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	10	all	3 do	126
Chart'd Bk. of I. & C.....	40,000	20	all	6 do	275
Chart'd Mercantile	80,000	25	all	6 do	280
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	250	all	8 do	400
National Bank of India.	37,500	25	12½	5 do	104
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do	280

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	90	980
Albert Mills	4,000	2,000	1,700	40	305
Angio-Indian S. and W. Co	32,000	100	100	2½	67
Alfred Manufacturing Co.	500	500	125	15	100
Alliance Spinning	600	2,500	all	65 p. a	1,700
Bhowuggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	900
Bombay United.....	800	1,000	1,000	25	920
Central India S. W. & M. Co.....	2,500	500	5??	30	680
Coorla Mills	500	1,000	1,000	20	705
D. spinning	2,500	2,000	all	35	290
Empress S. and W. Co..	1,500	500	all	..	485
Gokuldas Bahadurming Co.	1,500	500	500	20	510
Hindustan	8??	1,000	1,000	4	1,030
Hydraad Spinning Co..	700	1,000	1,000	..	615
Jaffer Ali Spinning Co..	600	500	500	60	575
Jewr a alloo.....	1,500	1,000	1,000	40 p. a.	883
Khandelah	700	1,000	1,000	30	990
Kh tao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	720
Madras United.....	250	1,250	1,250	75	500
Monockjee Pestit's.....	2,500	1,000	all	50	1,305
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	1,020
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	40	880
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	27 p. a.	955
Oriental	4,000	625	625	..	695
Prince of Wales Spinning Co	1,500	500	500	..	110
Sassoon S. & W. Co.....	1,500	1,000	1,000	30	675
Shalapore Mills.....	500	1,000	1,000	30	930
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	75	800
Victoria Mills.....	450	1,000	1,000	60½	650

* P.T. Bonds.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidate l Stock.....	..	£20	218-3-4	5 p. ct	810
Do New £20 shares.....	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto ,, ...	..	£20	65-7-8	do	73
Ditto ,, ...	..	£20	31-15-1	do	33
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1 10
So. New £15 Shares...	..	£15	196-5-10	do	265

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	70	590
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	all	18 p. ct	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	12½	1,145
Apollo Press Co., (small Shares)	750	2,400	2,250	32	360
Bellary	625	1,000	1000	20 p. a	475
Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.....	600	500	all	50	445
New Indian Press	1,000	250	3??	15	120
Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co	1,400	250	all	10	32
Colaba Press Co.....	500	1,250	1,250	20	560
Dholiera Press and Ginning Co	800	250	all	15	200
East India Press Co....	700	1,000	1,000	100	1,000
Fort Press Co	150	2,500	2,500	5	1275
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	5	445
Hind Press Co.....	400	2,000	750	5	505
Mofussil Co.....	3,125	400	400	3	240
Prince of W. Press ...	125	....	1,000	7	200
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co,.	100	1,500	750	11	1,220
Sassoon Press Co.....	250	500	500	32	850
Volkart's Press Co.	450	1,000	all	50	650

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	80	675
Bombay Ice Manufactory & Co., Limited ..	1,250	100	100	10p.ct.	125
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	2,050
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	15 p.ct.	10
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co..	500	500	300	36	295
Mackenzie Buildings Co.....	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	18
Oriental Govt. Security Life Assurance Co..	5,000	200	50	..	80
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	25?	1000	1,000	15	925
Thacker & Co.	2,00	500	all	7½	715
Thacker & Co.	1,000	100	100	10	125

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the week ending 12th June 1880:

Open, 444 miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	54,100	0	0
Merchandize	1,52,508	0	0
Telegraph	609	0	0
Other Receipts	2,000	0	0
Total Rs.....	2,09,217	0	0

Corresponding week 1s June 1879.

Open, 444 miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	43,680	0	0
Merchandize	1,66,516	0	0
Telegraph	381	0	0
Other Receipts	1,00	0	0
Total Rs.....	1,53,577	0	0
Increase Rs.....	55,640	0	0

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE STEAMER CALDER, 409 tons, Captain F J Raffle, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf with a general cargo and 25 deck passengers.

THE SHIP DEWA GUNGADHUR, 694 tons, Captain J. Johnson will sail to-day for Narakel in ballast.

THE SHIP FEARNOUGHT, 1,292 tons Captain G. Graham, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (4th Feb.), with a cargo of 1,762 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Byramjee Merwanjee and Co.

MESSRS. R. RUBATTINO Co.'s STEAMER SINGAPORE, 2,296 tons, Captain G. Merello, arrived in harbour on the 15th inst. from Genoa [28th May] with the following cargo :—From Bordeaux.—3,312 boxes brandy, 33 packages wine, 30 cases corks, 45 packages liqueur, and 1 case peppermint. From London.—6 cases soap, 308 packages papery, 25 packages wine, 42 packages provision, 2 cases medicine, 6 packages ink stands, 156 packages glassware, 152 packages whiskey, 35 packages piece goods, 7 cases matches, 2 bales canvas, 7 cases candles, 50 packages merchandise, and 12 packages nails. From Marseilles.—1 case clocks, 30 bales twist, 13 packages piece goods, 25 cases sugar, 450 tons planks, 1 case umbrellas, and 75 cases vermouth. From Genoa—4 cases provisions, 52 packages piece goods, 12 cases butter, 4 cases cheese, 2 bales twist, 4 cases corals, 20 cases milk, 1 case piano, 3 packages wine, 10 packages glassware, 6? cases vermuth, case gold ornaments, 1 case pictures, 1 case organ, 4 cases clocks case umbrellas, 107 bundles iron, 4 boxes brandy, 2 packages' merchandise, and 6 cases papers. From Naples.—6 cases wine and 10 cases merchandise. From Port Said.—23 bags drugs. From Leghorn —2 packages wine, 2 cases marbles, 1 case pictures, and 12 cases olive oil. From Suez.—68 packages gum, 7 case books, and 4 packages specie. From Aden.—25 packages medicines, 265 bales cotton, 8 bales gun les, 426 packages iron, 10 packages sago, 13 packages gum, 1 package piece goods, and 14 packages specie. The following is the list of passengers :—From Genoa—Sigr F Bonzoni, Sigr Zunini, Sigr Balestrerii and one native ayah. From Port Said—Two deck passengers. From Aden—Twenty-eight deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

June.	Vessels.	Commanders	From.
15	Singapore (s)	Merello.....	Genoa, May 25.
16	Fearnought	Graham	Liverpool, Feb 4.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—Steamer Calder, Raffin, to P Gulf.
Ship Dewa Gungadhur, Johnson, to Narakel.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—Steamer Singapore, to Genoa.
Steamer Argo, to Havre and Hamburg.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

June. 11 Culma (s) ..... Brown ... ...Bombay, May 20.
Carnarvonshire .....Jones .....Monte Video, March 24.
12 Mabel.....Wright .....London, Feb. 14

DEPARTURES.

June 11.—Steamer Kilwa. Ship Carrick Castle. Barque Iskender Shah. Schooner Countess of Errol.
June 12.—Steamers Commilla and Queen Victoria. Ships Vernon and Glengarry.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

June. 14 Manora (s) .... London.

DEPARTURE.

June. 13 Khedive (s)..... ..... Calcutta.

ADEN.

ARRIVALS.

April. 18 Dagmar, I G, s., Enger, from Berberah.
May. 2 Sennar, E G, Boat, Said, from Barbe ah.
27 Ex loratore, It G Boat, Damazzo, from Assabbay
29 Duplex, ss. Such, from Mauritius.
29 Sea Gull, H M ss. Heron, from Zeilla.
31 Chillingham, s., Sanderson, from Cardiff.
31 Adonis, F G Boat, Collard, from Toulon.
June. 1 Philomel, ss. Wake , from Bombay.
1 Khedive, ss. Tomlin, from London.
1 Propontis, ss, Thomson, from Bombay.
1 Teheran ss, Johnson, from Venice.
2 Calipso, ss, Mettl, from Bombay.
2 Anadyr, ss, Baron, from Shanghai.
2 Eden, ss, Wilkinson, from Akyab.
2 Thornhill, ss, Walker, from Antwerp.
3 Patterdale, s., Bentley, from Bombay.
2 Eclipse, ss, Palmer, from Bombay.
3 Calabo, ss, Baker, from Amsterdam.
3 Wells, s., Massman, from Hamburg.
4 Muriel, ss, Hansey, from Bombay.
4 Agisja, ss, Marcovich, from Calcutta.
4 Emile Eloise, F ss, Bansoli, from Marseilles.
4 Mytho, F ship, Dewathe from Toulon.
4 Eleano, ss, Urriola, from Glasgow.
5 Kaschar, ss, Baker from Bombay.
6 Frolic, H M ss Rickman, from Singapore.
7 Livadia, ss, Twitts, from Bombay.
7 Glen Ronald, ss, Jones, from Pondicherry.
7 Wyber on, ss, Blackm, from Batavia.
7 Mabel, ss, Bondfour, from Bombay.
7 Nerissa, ss, Stewart, from Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

May. 29 Sennar, E G boat, Said, to Zeilla.
June. 1 Khedive, ss, Tomlin, to Calcutta.
1 Teheran, ss, Johnson, to Bombay.
2 Admiral, F G boat, Caldard, to Singapore.
2 Prizimeller ss, Walker, to Liverpool.
2 Propontis, ss, Thomson, to Marseilles.
2 Calipso, ss, Mettel, to Trieste.
2 Anadyr, s., Baron, to Marseilles.
3 Eden, ss, Wilkinson, to Port said P O.
2 Thornhill, ss, Walker, to Hongkong.
3 Explorator, It G boat, Damazzo, to Assabbay.
3 Patterdale, ss, Bentley to Singapore.
3 Eclipse, s., Palmer, to Calais.
3 Calabo, ss, Baker, to Batavia.
3 Wells, ss, Massman, to China.
4 Muriel, ss, Hansen to Marseilles.
4 Agisja, ss, Marcovich, to Trieste.
5 Chillingham, ss, Sanderson, to Pondicherry.
4 Mytho, F ship, Dewathe, to Saigon.
5 Eleano, ss, Urriola, to Manilla.
5 Kaschar, ss, Baker, to London.
7 Emile Eloise, F, ss, Bansoli, to Nossibe.
7 Livadia, ss, Twitts, to Naples.
7 Glen Ronald, ss, Jones to Marseilles.
7 Wyber on ss, Blackm, to Rotterdam.
7 Mabel, ss, Bondfour, to Dunkirk.
7 Nerissa, ss, Stewart, to Liverpool.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

Dagmar, I G, ss, Enger, from Berberah.
Dupleix, ss, Such, from Mauritius
Sea Gull, H M ss, Heron, from Zeilla.
Frolic, H M, ss, Rickman, from Singapore.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JUNE 16.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Cicero s—17 packages port wine Eduljee Banajee.
Pantain ,,—2 cases stout Eduljee Banajee.
Britannia s—7 cases silvered plate glass Allybhoy Noorbhoy, 7 cases iron chain Ramchander Mahadev and Co. 692 bundles hoop iron Nusserwanji Cooverjee, 1,615 bundles hoop iron Joseph Soares, 51 casps whisky Eduljee Pallanjee Bottlewalla.

FROM LONDON.

Teheran s—21 cases brandy Dunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Vespasian s—15 cases gin Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Ravenna s—20 box s bar silver (Rs 60 000) on 1 box gold coins (Rs 41,000) the C M B nk of I A nd China.

FROM GLASGOW.

Britannia s—25 cases sulphuric acid Shapoorjee Rustomjee Sookia.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Singapore s—30 cases brandy Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 16.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Britannia s—3,730 cwts wheat Lang, Moir and Co. 800 cwts wheat Mooljee Jaitha and Co, 6,000 cwts wheat Nusserwanjee Limjeejee and Co.
Rydal Hall s—13 baskets tamarind, 1 cask preserves and 1 cask chutny by D P Batha and Co, 820 cwts wheat Raphael and Co, 2 packages carpets Khoj. King and Co, 45 bales wool Bhimjee Bhanjee, 140 bales cotton Govindjee Shamjee, 100 ales cotton and 29 bales wool Kirkick, Nixon and Co, 60 bales cotton Munilall Varjlall, 300 bales cotton Y Ikar Brothers, 200 bales cotton J C Bushby and Co, 153 bales cotton Mottee Sathia, 40 bales wool Narranjee Mooljee, 60 bales wool Venayekrao Govindrao 60 bales rags Farnham and Co, 100 bales cotton Rallí Bros h rs, 188 cwts myrabolams Heerjee Sewjee, 804 cwts wheat R jubaily Alliraja.

FOR LONDON.

Mary L Stone—20 bales hides Mahomed Premjee.

FOR UNITED KINGDOM.

Lenore—300 cwts linseed Rallí Brothers.

FOR HAVRE.

Lawrence Delop—350 bales cotton F Sanqust and Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

Singapore s—1,001 cwts wheat and 3,000 cwts linseed Volkart Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Castore s—100 cwts weed seed Volkart Brothers.

FOR BARCELONA.

Singapore s—500 bales cotton A Bin check and Co, 200 bales cotton Gaddum and Co, 200 bales cotton, L Singer and Co, 160 bales cotton Volkart Brothers.

FOR FALMOUTH.

Victoria s—500 cwts linseed Wallace and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore s—100 bales cotton Gaddum and Co, 500 bales cotton, 7,200 cwts gingellyseed and 1,500 cwts castorseed Volkart Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Malda s—52 bales cotton Rampeedass Luckmidass.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Singapore s—1,600 cwts wheat Lang, Moir and Co, 100 bales cotton Volkart Brothers.
Stag s—2,100 cwts wheat Rallí Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Teheran s—100 bales cotton Volkart Brothers.

FOR SUEZ.

Zumbesi s—16 bundl s silk Mahomed Sadnak Nemajee.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ravenna s—15 bales twist the National S and W Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ravenna s—1 case cambay stone Abdulcadar Esmaljee, 12 cases blankets and 76 cases sharkins Vrajbhoy Thavur, 15 cwt Koddao and 80 bales cotton Currimbhoy Ebrahim, 75 bale cotton Morarbhoy Vishbhoydass, 9 bales twist Sorabjee Framjee, 35 bales twist Framjee Hormusjee, 24 bales twist Allana Munjee, 24 ale twist the Alliance S and W Co. 23 cwts samsoo stone and 2 cases peacock feathers A. T. Bansi, 1 box silver coins [Rs 2 8 0] L Moolchund, 5½ cwts cloves Bundally Sewjee, 35 hests opium N J Abraham 31 packages burlavung Currimbhoy Ebram, 16 bales twist David Sassoon and Co, 20 chests opium Hajee Essac Ellias, 24 chests opium David Sassoon and Co 473 chests opium Hajee Abdoola Noormahamed, 52 bales twist E L Moolchund.

FOR SINGAPORE.

Ravenna s—3 ½ chests opium Jairambhoy Peerbhoy, 10½ chests opium Roogonath Jugonath.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 17.

[Before the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSE.

385-79—Chalk and W—Purmanundass Jewandass vs Keesowjee Naik—Hearn, C and L—Part heard.

SHORT CAUSE.

703-77—Hearn, C and L—Casibai vs Pemkorebai—Settled.

LONG CAUSES.

437-79—A F Turner—Hurry Bhanjee vs the New Colaba Company—Press l and W.
295-79—Tyabjee and S—Casseelal Mathalal vs Hemraz Luckmidass and others—Jeffreson, B and D—for pauper.
56-79—Shapurjee and T—Khetsidass Samrathroy vs Sir A D Sassoon and others.
521-79—Chalk and W—Muncherjee Bejunjee Laldawala vs Heerjeebhoy Cursetjee Ashburner and others—A F Turner.
339-79—Khanderao M—Mariambibee and others vs Abdoola bin Peerbux and others—J C Cama and in person.
340-79—J C Cama—Dinbai and others vs Pestonjee Ardaseer and others.
504-79—M M Munshi—Janardhun Gopal vs Narayan Govind and another.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE WEST.]

MOTION.

3-80—Macfarlane and G—Gooculdas Dwarkadass vs Guneshlal Halasroy and others—Jeffer on, B and D.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

540-79—Chalk and W—Madhowrao Dinanathjee vs Anandrao Dinanathjee and another—Hearn, C and L and Shamrao P—Part heard.
494-79—Shapurjee and T—Motilal Hurgowandass vs Hemchund Futtehchund.
157-80—Rimington, H, C and B—Abdoola Abookhan vs Ameer Saheb Hajee Meya Kavel—Nanu and H.
170-80—Jefferson, B and D—Thacker Narondass Dayel and another vs Thacker Veerjee Jairam and another—Crawford and Shand in person.
207-77—Tobin and R—The L B and M Bank vs Dadabhoy Dossabhoy Baxter and others—in person (for dismissal.)

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

443-79—Nanu and H—Sadasew Bhasker Joshi vs Dhakubai and others—Khunderao M and in person—Part heard.
379-79—Janardhun G—Keshowbai Champalal vs Madhowjee Visram—Jefferson, B and D.
668-79—In person [a pauper], Rustomjee Eduljee vs Jemsetjee Pestonjee and another—Mr. H. Khan and in person.
711-79—Prescot and W—John Graham and others vs Cullian Govind—In person.
564-78—Jefferson, B and D—Dewsey Anand vs Ghuseey Keasow and others—H Bicknell.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE 15.

Kennett, Captain, 51st Light Infantry, on sick leave, from Gundimack.

JUNE 16.

Dawson, 2nd Lieut, 1-21st Fusiliers, on leave, from Secundrabad.
Fenwick, Lieut and Adjt, 29th Foot, on Medical Cert, from Jhansi

DEPARTURES.—JUNE 16.

Repton, Lieut, R A, on leave, to Poona.
Alexander, Captain, Asst Instr of Gymns, on duty, to Poona.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, June 12.)

HOME, REVENUE, AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

On the Hon'ble Sir Andrew Clarke, R E, C B, K C M G, C I E, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Gov r-Gen l of India, returned to India from the leave of absence granted to him in Notification No 68, dated 14th Feb 1880, and resumed his seat on the afternoon of 8th inst.

H E the Viceroy and Govr-Genl has been pleased to make the following appointments on H E's personal Staff, from 9th June 1880 :—

Mr Henry Mortimer Durand, C S, Under-Secy to the Govt of India, Foreign Dept, to officiate as Private Secy.
Surg-Maj John Anderson, L S, Army Medical Dept, to be Surg.
Maj R F Litchfield, Dist Supdt of Police, 2nd Grade, in British Burma, to officiate as Dist Supdt of Police, 1st Grade, from 14th April last, during the absence on furlough of Maj R Houghton, or until further orders.
Mr J W Olive, Offg Dist Supdt of Police, 3rd Grade, to officiate as Dist Supdt of Police, 2nd Grade, vice Maj Litchfield.
Mr R B Hawkes, Assist Dist Supdt of Police, to officiate as Dist Supdt of Police, 5th Grade, vice Mr Stevenson.

Mr C W Hughes, J P, of Melbourne, has been appointed to act as a Commr for the Govt of India at the Melbourne International Exhibition of 1880, in addition to the gentlemen appointed in Notification No 184, dated 30th April last.

In the Notification No 164, dated 27th April 1880, regarding the appointments of Lieuts the Hon'ble M G Talbot, R E, and F B Longe, R E, temporarily to the Survey of India, for the "16th. inst" read "the 15th ult."

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Subject to the confirmation of H M's Govt, H E the Viceroy and Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr Charles Kapp as Actg Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Bombay during the absence on leave of Mr J Jauni.

Subject to the confirmation of H M's Govt, H E the Viceroy and Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr Charles Kapp as Actg Consul for Sweden and Norway at Bombay during the absence of Mr J Jauni.

Pundit Bhag Ram, Extra Assist Commr an. Treasury Officer, Ajmere, is appointed to officiate as Jndl Asst Commr, Ajmere, vice Sirdar Bahadur Amin Chund, on furlough.

Munshi Ajodhya Pershad, Tehsildar of Beawur, is appointed to officiate as Extra Assist Commr and Treasury Officer, Ajmere, vice Pundit Bhag Ram.

The service s of Lieut R Seton-Burn, Offg Wing Officer, Meywar Bheel Corps, are replaced at the disposal of the Mily Dept.

Mahomed Raza, Dspy Inspr of Mahomedan Schools, Madras, is appointed to officiate as an Ad ache to the Resident, Hyderabad, vice Mr Eduljí Bahmanji Dastoor, from date of assuming charge.

Lieut H L Ramsay, B S C, Political Assist with the Cabul Field Force, is appointed to be Senior Attache in the Foreign Dept.

The Govr-Genl in Council has empowered Babu Ishanchandra Basu, M A, Assist to the Comptr-Genl to sign Promissory Notes for the Secy to the Govr of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Punjab Frontier Force—No 2 [Deraj t] Mountain Battery.

Lieut H J Lyster, R A, 2nd Subaltern, No 3 [Peshawur] Mountain Battery, to be 1st Subaltern, vice Capt W M Campbell, RA, promoted.

No 3 [Peshawar] Mountain Battery—Lieut F H J Birch, R A, Offg 3rd Subaltern to be 2nd Subaltern, vice Lieut Lyster.

Military Accounts Department—Lieut J F D Fordice, S C, Fodn Officer and Adjt, 8th Bengal Cavy, to be an Assist Mily Accty, on Lahore Establishment, from 24th May 1880.

Punjab Frontier Force No 1 [Kohat] Mountain Battery.

Lieut J C Shirres, R A, 2nd Subaltern, to officiate as 1st Subaltern, vice Lieut H N Jervois, R A, on furlough.

Lieut F B Thackeray, R A, 3rd Subaltern, to officiate as 2nd Subaltern, vice Lieut Shirres.

Lieut W J Honner, R A, to officiate as 3rd Subaltern, vice Lieut Thackeray.

No 4 [Hazara] Mountain Battery.

Lieut E C Wace, R A, 2nd Subaltern, and Offg 1st Subaltern, to be 1st Subalte n, vice Capt C C Lindsay, R A, promoted.

Lieut C A Anderson, R A, Offg 2nd Subaltern, to be 2nd Subaltern, vice Lieut Wace.

The appointments of Lieuts Wace and Anderson will have effect from 24th Jan 1880.

Volunteer Corps 3rd or Sind, Punjab and Delhi Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps. Capt R H Wilson S C, Wing Officer, 36th [The Barclay] Regt of N I, to be Adjt.

The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Lieut-Col A Bruce, S C, [m c] for 1 year 182 days.
Lieut R Gardiner, R E, Exe Engr, 4th Grade, Western Rajputana Railway, P W D, [m c] for 1 year 182 days.
Surg J Reid, M D, Sr Medical Officer, Port Blair and the Nicobars, [m c] for 1 year 182 days.
Surg H B yd, Medical Officer, 14th [The Ferozepore] Regt of N I, [m c] for 2 years.
Sub-Conductor C Charters, Commt Dept, [m c] for 1 year.

The following promotions are made, subject to H M's approval :—

Staff Corps.—To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Maj Herbert Mills Repton, 9th June, 1880.
Maj Frederick Wheeler, 9th June 1880.
Maj John Upperton, 1 th June 1880.
Maj Hanson Chambers Taylor Jarrett, VC, 10th June 1880.

To be Majors.

Capt Charles Edward Salkeld, 8th June 1880.
Capt John Ronald Campbell, 8th June 1880.
Capt Edward Harry Steel, 8th June 1880.
Capt Frederick Alexander Wilson, 8th June 1880.
Capt Vincent Rivaz, 8th June 1880.
Capt Arthur Conolly, 8 h June 18 0.
Capt Arthur Conolly, 8th June 1880.
To be Lieut-Col—Lieut-Col (Bt Co) William Nassau Lees, Benlnfy, 8th June 1880.

To be Majors.

Capt Joseph George Thomson Carruthers, Genl List, Infy, 8th June 1880.
Capt Adelaide Landon, Genl List, Infy, 8th June 1880.
Capt Beville Grenville Vyvyan, Genl List, Infy, 8th June 1880.

Brevet.—To be Colonels.

Lieut-Col John Henry Porter Malcolmson, C, Bom S C, 8th June 1880.
Lieut-Col William Brooke Thomson, BSC, 8th June 1880.
Lieut-Col Rupert Thomas Snow, Mad SC, 8th June 1880.
Lieut-Col Michael Willoughby, Bom SC, 9th June 1880.
Lieut-Col Henry Hooper Ford, Mad SC, 9th June 1880.
Lieut Col Henry Edward Whish, BSC, 9th June 1880.
Lieut-Col Charles Julien Ralph Bell, Mad SC, 9th June 1880.

The undermentioned Officers of the B S C, having completed 12 years' service in the rank of Lieut-Col are admitted to the Col's allowances, from the date specified :—

Lieut Col [Bt Col] John Doran, C B, 11th June 1880.
Lieut Col [Bt Col] Hugh Rose, 11th June 1880.
Lieut Col [at Col] Harry Smith Obbard, 11th June 1880.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr S P W V Luke, C S I, Assist Supdt, 1st Grade, Indian Telegraph Dept, is appointed an Extra Supdt, 3rd Grade, temporary rank, from 19 h Sept 1879.

With reference to P W D Notification No 75 of 4th March 1880, Mr C B Target, Exe Engr, 3rd Grade, is transferred to Rajputana.

In Notification No 163, dated 25th May 1880, posting certain Asst Locomotive Supdts to Railways under the control of the Director-Genl of Railways, for "J R H Alloway" read "J R H Alleway."

Mr J T Rollo, Exe Engr, 4th Grade, temporary rank, is transferred from Rajputana to Assam.

In continuation of Notification No 49 by Govt of India, P W D dated 6 h Feb 1880, the undermentioned Officer is also transferred from the N W P Provincial List to the Railway Branch of the P W D, from 31st Dec 1879 :—

Capt G F O Boughey, R E, Exe Engr, 1st Grade.

With reference to P W D Notification No 350 of 16th August 1878, Mr Mance is confirm d in his appointment as Engineer and Electrician, Persian Gulf Telegraph.

Mr G Sealy, Assit, Supdt, Persian Gulf Telegraph, is promoted to Supdt, vice Mr Mance.

Mr C B Biscoe, probationer for the superior classes of the Traffic Dept of Indian State Railways, is appointed to Class IV of that Dept, from 1st April 1880.

The appointment of Supdt of Works, Harni Section, Kandahar Railway, which was notified by the Govt of India, P W D, in Notification No 77 dated 5th March 1880, is hereby abolished.

Maj-Genl A Fraser, C B, R E, resumed his duties as Secy to the Govt of India in the P W D on the forenoon of 9th inst.

Maj-Genl J S Trevor, R E, and Mr G L Molesworth, C I E, resumed their duties as Director-Genl of Railways and Depy Secy to the Govt of India in the P W D Railway Branch, and Consulting Engr to the Govt of India for State Railways, respectively, on the same date.

Mr R C Laughlin, Asst Supt, 1st Grade, Indian Telegra

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BAR SILVER AND EXCHANGE.

LATEST LONDON QUOTATIONS.

LONDON, JUNE 16, 4-40 P.M.

At the weekly biddings for Council drafts upon India this afternoon tenders at 1s. 8½d., received 28 per cent., all above that in full.

It is notified that the amount to be offered next week is 30 lakhs.

Bar Silver closed at 52½d. per ounce market weak.

Four per cent. Rupee paper, 80; Four-and-a-half ditto, 86⅞.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

LATEST FROM HERAT.

SIMLA, JUNE 16.

News from Herat states that there are no fresh symptoms of a move. Abdulla Khan Nasiri had returned with the son of Khan Agha Jamshidi and five hundred Jamshidi sowars. Disputes are said to have taken place between leaders about the advisability of Ayub Khan accompanying the troops.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE PORTE AND THE BERLIN CONFERENCE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JUNE 15.

The Porte has informed the Ambassadors of the Great Powers that the decisions of the Berlin Conference will not be binding on Turkey because of its exclusion from the deliberations.

BERLIN, JUNE 15.

General agreement is expected among the representatives of the mediating Powers on the questions to be considered at the Berlin Conference.

MAJOR RIVETT-CARNAC.

LONDON, JUNE 16.

Major E. S. Rivett-Carnac, H. M.'s 11th Hussars, has been appointed Secretary, Military Department, Government of Bombay.

THE INCOMING MAILS.

ADEN, JUNE 16.

The P. and O. S. S. Surat, with the outward English Mails of the 4th inst., left here yesterday at midnight, and the S. S. Deccan, for Galle and Calcutta, at 6 o'clock in the evening.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, JUNE 16.

The British India S. N. Company's S.S. Patna, homeward bound from the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here to-day.

LONDON, JUNE 15.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats steady.

The London Cotton market has been dull.	
Fair Dhollera	4 15-16
The Manchester market has been firm.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6
8 lbs. do	7-1½
40s Mule Twist	0-11
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	80½
4½ per cent. do.	86⅛
3 per cent. Consols for account	98½
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	119¼
Bar Silver	52¼
Arrivals.—Lemnos.	

WEATHER REPORTS—JUNE 16.

CANNANORE, 4-28 p.m.—Weather cloudy; wind W. Fall of rain 91 cents.

CARWAR, 5 p.m.—Weather fine; wind N. W. 3; thermometer 86·8; barometer 29·850. Fall of rain cents.

ANGALORE, 4-25 p.m.—Weather dark and gloomy; E. W.; thermometer 76-5; barometer 29·94. rain 1 inch 81 cents.

IN, 2-53 p. m.—Weather fair; wind W. rmometer 96; barometer 29·77.

5 p.m.—Weather cloudy; wind S. W. ster 82. Fall of rain 39 cents.

of the Justices of the Peace for held at the Town Hall yesterday oor for the purpose of electing a member the Municipal Corporation in the place of Mr. T. B. Kirkham, resigned. At the suggestion of the Chairman, Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, the correspondence and legal documents relating to the election which took place at the last meeting were taken as read. The Chairman having briefly referred to the circumstances under which the election of Dr. Cook was declared illegal, admitted that it would perhaps have been better if he had at once, without reasoning with the Justices who had wasted a roll, granted what was asked. Still, it was fortunate the mistake had occurred when only a single vacancy was in question, for if it had happened at the time of a general election it would have caused much greater inconvenience. In accordance with a suggestion offered by Mr. Geary, the Chairman moved that the cancellation of Dr. Cook's election be recorded. Mr. Geary then proposed that Captain Walshe be elected a member of the Municipal Corporation, and in doing so observed that it was to Captain Walshe's public spirit the present election was due, but notwithstanding this a new candidate had entered the field, and the gentleman who had borne the heat and burthen of the day had met with renewed opposition which had been suddenly sprung on him. Mr. Geary then mentioned some of the many services which Captain Walshe had rendered to the city and also pointed out that the gentleman whom he nominated was, contrary to the general opinion, an older citizen than the other candidate. Mr. Bugoonath Narayen Khote seconded the motion. The Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik then proposed the election of Mr. Martin Wood whose former valuable services to the Corporation were, he said, too well known to need comment. Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy seconded the motion which was supported by Mr. Mathew. The voting then took place in accordance with the new rule framed by the Government, each member writing on a slip of paper the name of the candidate for whom he voted, the votes being all recorded. The result was as follows:—For Capt. Walshe 54; for Mr. Martin Wood, 71. Mr. Wood was therefore declared duly elected.

A VERY successful concert was given by Herr Carl Bittersmann's company in the Town Hall yesterday afternoon. There was a very fair audience considering the heat, and the music, which was nearly all classic, was rendered with wonderful precision and verve.

COLONELS J. DORAN, C.B., Hugh Rose, and H. S. Oubard, are admitted to Colonels' allowances, with effect from the 11th June.

CERTAIN rules are issued in Saturday's *Gazette of India* in reference to the pay, allowances, and leave, to be granted to native civil servants appointed under the nomination system elaborated last year.

A NOTICE in the last *Gazette of India* shows the number of promotions to the upper grades of Executive and Assistant Engineers to be carried out in accordance with the notification in the *Gazette* of the 5th.

THE Governor-General in Council has sanctioned a re-arrangement of the first four grades of Extra Assistant Commissioners in Assam. The pay of the grades will now be Rs. 600, Rs. 500, Rs. 400, and Rs. 300 respectively.

IT is stated that steps are being taken by prominent members of the National Club and the Patriotic Club with a view of securing Parliamentary action against the appointment of the Marquess of Ripon as Viceroy of India.

THE following is a statement of the money in the Public Treasuries, and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their branches, on the last day of the month of May 1880, with the corresponding figures on the same date in 1879 and 1878:—1878, Rs. 13,14 83 000; 1879, Rs. 13,61,92,000; 1880, Rs. 10,98,70,000.

THE Government of India has published a return of all the different races employed on the open lines of railway, and on the river steamer services in this country, on the 30th of September last, from which we see that there were 3,781 Europeans, 3,481 East Indians, and 141,348 natives thus employed. During the year ended on the same date 67 Europeans and 32 East Indians died, 657 and 760 resigned or were discharged, and 340 and 291 were dismissed.

THE *Pioneer* states that a private correspondent, writing long before the appearance of Colonel Gordon's wonderful letter, says:—"You have a very dangerous man in Gordon; unless, indeed, the very enormity of his eccentricity does not take him out of the region of dangerous men. He is essentially a man of action, not of the pen; he is almost unfit to be trusted with a pen, indulging it, as he does, in the wildest excesses and most choice freaks." Indian public affairs, however, want a little piquant seasoning, even though curries have been banished from our *menus*, and one is almost inclined to regret that the *enfant terrible* did not hold out a little longer. It might have been useful, for one thing, to have a man at the head-quarters of Government, who was also in the confidence of Providence to the extent that seems to have been the case with the distinguished Plymouth Brother. Knowing as he does all about the view taken in heaven of Lord Ripon's appointment, he might have found out for us, after a while, what was thought about the Duke, and what the recording angel really has got down in his book about Sir John Strachey and the cotton duties.

THE Central News states that General Sir T. P. Haines, notwithstanding his recent severe bereavement, has decided to retain his command in India, but will retire before the close of the financial year, when the Government proposes to send out Sir Garnet Wolseley to relieve him, with instructions to assist the Viceroy to the utmost of his ability in carrying out the reforms which have become necessary in the British and local armies. Major G. S. White, 92nd Highlanders, who has been appointed Military Secretary to the Marquis of Ripon, is about to be promoted to a lieutenant-colonelcy, and created a Companion of the Bath, in recognition of his distinguished services whilst employed with his regiment before Kabul, and more recently in organising the mounted infantry in Sir Frederick Roberts' force.

LORD BEACONSFIELD writes to the *Times* as follows with reference to the meeting at Bridgewater House:—The liberty of the press is one of the most precious privileges of Englishmen, and, therefore, it is their interest that it should not be abused. I have never been apt to complain of the reports of anything that I may have said in public if they only contained inaccuracies, which pressure, or even some little malice, might occasion or inspire. But when an elaborate declaration of policy is placed in my mouth, as in the report of the proceedings at Bridgewater House in your issue on Thursday, not one single word of which was delivered by me, and which conveys, in every sense, the reverse of what I expressed, I think it a duty to request that you will make this disclaimer on my part as public as the statement which you have circulated.

IN the history of lost vessels probably the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty never took so much trouble to obtain intelligence as in the case of the missing Atalanta. In prosecuting inquiries letters have been addressed to the following maritime nations requesting that captains of vessels should be instructed to keep a look out for any trace of the missing ship:—France, Germany, Russia, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Denmark, Sweden, the Netherlands, Austria-Hungary, Greece, Chili, and the United States of America. The foregoing Powers are those who have recently combined with England in a new and important system of international ocean signalling. The ready acquiescence manifested by all the maritime Governments of the earth makes it evident that there is a world-wide sympathy with England and an anxiety to aid in ascertaining the fate of the 300 youths whose disappearance is at present involved in mystery. At the present time there must be some thousands of vessels on the watch.

THE fate of Ch'ung How, late Chinese Ambassador to Russia, who is still languishing in the prison of the Board of Punishments in Peking, seems likely to depend on the degree of success attending the negotiations which the Marquis Ta'eng has been instructed by his Government to re-open at St. Petersburg. This at all events is the view Ch'ung How himself takes of the matter. The latest accounts from Peking represent him as speculating on his chances with the philosophic calmness so characteristic of his countrymen in the hour of danger. "If," he says, "the Marquis should succeed in bringing about a satisfactory settlement where I have failed, then there is little doubt that my head is in the greatest danger. If, on the other hand, he should fail too, then I am in hopes that his ill-success will lead the Empress to the conclusion that a transaction in which two competent diplomatists have one after the other only met with failure must be attended with more difficulties than their Majesties at first supposed." But what if Ta'eng's failure, instead of opening Ch'ung How's prison doors, should after all only bring with it a companion in captivity? With Prince Chun, who represents the extreme conservative and anti-foreign party, at the virtual head of affairs such a result would be no surprise. Meanwhile, the underlings of the Board of Punishments treat their captive with exceptional consideration. The prisoner of the board to-day, they say, may be its president to-morrow.

THE *Pall Mall* says that the Englishman's proverbial affection for his hat is now so familiar to our French neighbours that they cease to be shocked by it. For the comfort of English travellers themselves a hint may be useful on another point of etiquette. It is to be observed, then, that the somewhat contemptuous "garçon" is about to be tabooed, and that at cafés, hotels, and restaurants of the better class, waiters are now addressed as "Monsieur." For some years past it has been the custom of well-bred French people to address female servants with whose names they are unfamiliar as "Mademoiselle." The universal servant of all travellers, the time-honoured garçon—an expression, by the way, by no means corresponding to our "waiter"—will henceforth be styled "Monsieur," as well as Monsieur le Facteur, Madame la Blanchisseuse, Madamoiselle la Tailleuse, &c. One thing is quite sure: of two sojourners at a café, the one calling out "garçon," the other "monsieur," it is the last who will be immediately attended to and treated with most respect. Twenty years ago in Vienna our insular feelings were shocked by the habit of domestic servants being shouted at as "You there!" (the contemptuous "Du" being used all over Germany), and women servants invariably would kiss their employers' hands as a salutation. What Frenchman would address a washerwoman without uncovering his head?

PROMOTION IN THE P. W. D.

THE following table is given in the *Gazette of India* showing the promotions to be carried out in the P. W. D. under the new regulation:—

		Chief Engineers.	Supdg. Engineers.	Executive Engineers, 1st Grade.	Executive Engineers, 2nd Grade.	Executive Engineers, 3rd Grade.	Executive Engineers, 4th Grade.	Assistant Engineers, 1st Grade.	Assistant Engineers, 2nd, &c., Grade.
Bombay	Present	2	5	7	9	9	12	16	33
	Future	2	5	10	9	10	9	27	31
Bengal	Present	2	6	7	9	9	11	16	32
	Future	2	6	10	11	11	4	27	21
N. W. P. & Oudh	Present	2	4	9	11	13	13	20	30
	Future	2	4	12	13	13	6	33	26
Punjaub	Present	2	5	7	10	10	12	18	35
	Future	2	5	10	12	12	6	27	32
Local Administrations	Present	2	5	9	9	10	16	19	38
	Future	2	5	12	13	13	6	32	25
Military Works	Present	1	5	6	7	7	3	20	15
	Future	1	5	7	8	8	3	20	15
Railway	Present	5	12	18	24	24	20	43	86
	Future	5	12	25	29	29	13	71	53

In regard to the Madras staff the Government of India is not at present in a position to lay down a scale. The promotions due to the above changes will have effect from 1st June.

GLEANINGS FROM THE VERNACULAR JOURNALS.

MR. GLADSTONE ON THE AFGHAN WAR EXPENSES.—After reading the recent utterances of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, a feeling of disappointment has overtaken the vernacular papers, and they have begun to doubt if Mr. Gladstone will carry out his pledge to make England bear, either wholly or in part, the expenses of the war in Afghanistan. His assurances on this point given when out of office had left no doubt in their minds that he was the one man in England who, when everybody else might flinch, would, to the last, act up to his determination to cast the burden of the war on the English Exchequer if he had the power to do so. This very conviction it was which made the people of India rejoice in the return of his party to power. And now if he should forget his promises or flinch from his avowed purpose, the vernacular papers would be the last to forgive him. No considerations would weigh with them; even the unexpected deficit in the budget, the inheritance of his predecessors, would not palliate his crime; and no mercy would be vouchsafed. The papers are altogether miserable over the apprehended attitude of the Premier to waver in his former resolve; they coerce, cajole, remonstrate, pray, and use all sorts of arts to guard him against the dangerous pitfall, on the brink of which they shudder to see him stand. The *Akbar-i-Sondagar* even suggests that the increase in the income tax in Great Britain is suggested in the Budget with the purpose of convincing the people of India that the British Exchequer is not at all able to pay any part of the war expenses. The *Jam-i-Jamsheed* quarrels with the people of India for not creating a row on the matter by calling public meetings, for, argues the writer, "when a mother would not feed her child unless it cried for it." The *Bombay Samachar* believes that there is no way for Mr. Gladstone out of this dilemma save by the fulfilment of his former promises, no matter at what cost, for his very reputation depends on the treatment of the subject. The *Bombay Chronicle* repeats what it has so often said that the people of India should guard against trusting too much to the liberality of the British ministry and the "voluntary gifts" of Parliament. And the *Rast Goftar* is too much convulsed to do anything else than pray that Mr. Gladstone may be enabled to have the courage of his conviction at this trying time, and save his reputation for honesty and tenacity of purpose by doing an act of justice to the millions of India.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Temple Bar, Concert 9 p.m.
Band, Bombay Volunteers, Apollo Bunder, this evening, weather permitting.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 15th inst.:—Singapore (s). from Genoa. Yesterday—Fearnought from Liverpool.

THE TULSI LAKE.—The total fall of rain at Tulsi up to 6 a. m. of Sunday, the 13th instant, was 3 inches and 14 cents. The height of water in the Lake was 14 feet 84 tenths.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The S.S. Umballa was hauled out of the Prince's Dock on Tuesday last, and the S.S. Socotra entered the dock on the same day.

ASSAULT.—Tookaram Sombajee was yesterday fined Rs. 15 by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee for assaulting Luximon Urjoon.

FOUND.—The body of a male child, apparently of premature birth, was found lying on Tuesday last in a water closet at Trimbuck Purshotum Street. The body was examined by the Police Surgeon, who ordered it to be buried.

VAGRANTS.—Robert Hall and Thomas Dean, Europeans, were yesterday declared vagrants, the former by Mr C. P. Cooper and the latter by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee. Each was ordered to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

AN ILLEGAL ACT.—Narrotumdas Myaram was yesterday fined Rs. 30 by Mr. Nana Morojee for levying an illegal distress on property for house rent amounting to Re. 1 against Mangalee, woman. Rs. 5 of the fine was ordered to be paid to the woman as compensation.

CHEATING.—Sulliman Kallamea was yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of cheating and thereby dishonestly inducing Zoba Narayen to deliver to him (prisoner) a quantity of vegetable seeds, valued at Rs. 4, belonging to Dhurma Yessoo. He was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

SENT TO THE REFORMATORY.—A Hindoo lad, named Anund Bhana, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of stealing gold lace and sundry articles of wearing apparel of the collective value of Rs. 49, the property of prisoner's master, Gundah Bugwan. He was ordered to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory.

SUSPICIOUS THEFT.—Abdool Carreem, a noted character, was yesterday sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee on being convicted of having in his possession an embroidered cap, value Rs. 5, reasonably suspected of having been stolen or fraudulently obtained, and failing to account satisfactorily how he came by the same.

FATAL FALL FROM A WINDOW.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital on view of the body of Gunga, woman. Deceased was in the service of Mrs. Hamilton. She died from fracture of the skull, the result of an accidental fall from a window on the second storey of a house at Colaba on the night of the 10th instant. A verdict to this effect was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Apollo Bunder this evening (weather permitting):—

March	Blue Bells of Scotland—J. Schmuck.
Overture	Les Chaperons Blancs—Auber.
Selection	Le Domino Noir—Auber.
Waltz	Sweetheart—C. D'Albert.
Polka	Gleitz—J. Schmuck.
Galop	Iris—Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

ACCIDENTS.—Whilst Govind Tucka, a labourer, was at work in a grain store at Mandvie on Tuesday last, a stack of grain bags suddenly gave way and fell upon him, causing serious injury to his person. He was at once removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, but his friends declined to keep him there under treatment, and removed him to his house at 2nd Coombarwada where he is lying in a precarious state.—Govardhun Motu, a compositor, accidentally fell off a scaffolding at Candawady while at work at a building there. He fell from a height of about twenty-nine feet, and was seriously injured. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital for treatment.—A stevedore's labourer, named Ebrahim Abdoola, employed on board the steamship Britannia on Tuesday last had his left hand completely crushed between a bale of cotton and the ship's side whilst at work on board the vessel. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT DISCOVERED.—The recent case of house-breaking and theft on the premises of Abdool Alli Khanbhoy, Butcher Street, on the night of the 10th instant, in which property consisting of pieces of kinkab gold embroidered cloths, pieces of silk and cash of the aggregate value of Rs. 997 were stolen, was successfully traced by the police detectives under the supervision of Khan Bahadoor Meer Akbar Ali, the head of the detectives, and his son, Khan Bahadoor Meer Abdool Ali. Nearly the whole of the property has been recovered and was found in the possession of four persons named Ibrosha, Hussain Gazan Khan and Abdool Gafur Shaik Mahomed. Several implements for house-breaking were also found in their possession when arrested. They were yesterday charged with the offence before Mr. Nana Morojee, at the Fort Police Court, but on the application of the jemadar of the detectives the case was postponed for hearing to the 23rd instant, and the prisoners were allowed to be retained in police custody until further enquiries are made. They are also said to be implicated in other cases of house-breaking and theft that have occurred recently in other parts of the native town.

ARREST AND CONVICTION OF BOMBAY SHARPERS.—Mr. Inspector Jones was deputed by the Deputy Commissioner of Police to watch the proceedings of certain bad characters who were loitering about Syud Abdool Raymon Street, and between Pydhownee, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital and Allbaugh. It appears that these men are a gang of some ten or twelve Mahomedans who follow the practice of enticing ignorant persons to some cross lanes and there forcibly depriving them of all the money and other articles which they may have in their possession. This being communicated to the Commissioner by Mr. Thackeray Mulloney, a wealthy merchant residing in that locality, Mr. Inspector Jones, with his usual tact, managed to arrest six of these noted sharpers on Tuesday last, namely, Ahmedkhan Oomerkhan and five others who were attempting to cheat Badoola Subban by dishonestly inducing him to receive a brass ring as a gift, in exchange for a sum of Re. 5. They were yesterday charged with the offence before Mr. Nana Morojee and also with being notorious evil-doers and of a dangerous character. They were all convicted. Prisoner No. 1 was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment, and the others were ordered to find security in a sum of Rs. 100 each for their future good behaviour, failing which to suffer six months' rigorous imprisonment each.

THE TRAFFIC ON THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—The increase in weight in goods traffic on the G. I. P. Railway for the week ending 5th June, 1880, was 1,51,021 maunds, and in mondy Rs. 25,909. The quantities carried and the earnings compare with 1879 as follows:—

Description.	Week ending 6th June 1880.	Week ending 7th June 1879.	Increase.	Decrease.
COTTON—				
Weight	Mds 58 070	Mds 31,708	Mds 6,367	...
Amount	Rs. 62,324	Rs. 58,194	Rs. 4,130	...
WHEAT—				
Weight	Mds 1,43,576	Mds 62,997	Mds 80,579	...
Amount	Rs. 80,498	Rs. 39,025	Rs. 41,073	...
OTHER FOOD-GRAIN—				
Weight	Mds 1,69,180	Mds 2,42,284	...	...
Amount	Rs. 90,920	Rs. 1,47,071	...	...
LINSEED—				
Weight	Mds 82,672	...	...	...
Amount	Rs. 45,821	...	...	...
TEASEED—				
Weight	Mds 3,035	...	Mds 19,799	Rs. 14,851
Amount	Rs. 1,89	...		
OTHER SEEDS—				
Weight	Mds 8,828	...	...	...
Amount	Rs. 4,685	...	...	...
SUGAR AND JAGGERY—				
Weight	Mds 8,955	...	...	...
Amount	Rs. 5,727	...	...	...
SALT—				
Weight	Mds 1,28,032	Mds 53,951	Mds 72,081	...
Amount	Rs. 5,118	Rs. 2,349	Rs. 29,269	...
OPIUM—				
Weight	Mds 572	Mds. 1,262	...	Mds 690
Amount	Rs. 1,376	Rs. 4,590	...	Rs. 3,215
P. GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight	Mds 15,890	Mds 25,41	Mds 6,349	...
Amount	Rs. 23,672	Rs. 13,324	Rs. 10,438	...
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight	Mds 1,70,106	Mds 2 1,555	...	Mds 1,3,464
Amount	Rs. 88,242	Rs. 1,39,504	...	Rs. 40,938
TOTAL—				
Weight	Mds 7,85,924	Mds 6,34,903	Mds 1,51,021	...
Amount	Rs. 4,49,376	Rs. 4,23,467	Rs. 25,909	...

* Included last year in "Grain and Seed."
† Included last year in "General Goods."

COURT OF SMALL CAUSES.—JUNE 16.

(Before Mr. HART.)

A DISPUTED AUCTION SALE.

WITHAL GOPAL VS. RAGOONATH RAMJI AND ANOTHER.

THIS was a suit in respect to a disputed property, namely, a plot of fazandari ground, situate on Oomercady Pecady Road, Mandvi, together with a house built thereon. The summons stated that the above property had belonged to the first defendant, Ragoonath, till he became an insolvent in 1875, when, at a public auction sale, through the Official Assignee, it was bought by, and made over by a deed of conveyance to the plaintiff for Rs. 1,000. The plaintiff, therefore, laid claim to the property, as its sole, lawful owner, and prayed for the ejectment of the defendants, who were in possession of it.

On the part of the defence, it was argued that the property was not named in the schedule filed by Ragoonath at the time of his insolvency, that it in fact belonged to his son, and that it was bought by the plaintiff at much less than its real value, on account of a printed warning against its purchase, the same being in dispute.

The learned judge to save time, thought it fit at first to ascertain the approximate value of the property in dispute.

Mr. Rustomjee C. Cooper, Civil Engineer, a witness on behalf of the defendants, said that from a survey of the house and ground he was of opinion that the property, as it now stands, might fetch about Rs. 4,000 in the market. Hereupon his Honour decided that the value, at all events, exceeded Rs. 1,000, and the suit was therefore dismissed, as not lying within the jurisdiction of the court.

BOMBAY TOWN COUNCIL.

At the weekly meeting of the Council held on Tuesday last, there were present—Dr. Blaney, Chairman; Messrs. Douglas, Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, C.S.I., Messrs. F. C Gangjee, Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Raghunath Narayen Khote, Nowrojee Furdoonjee, Muncherjee N. Banajee, and R. M. Sayani. Dr. Weir, Acting Municipal Commissioner, and Mr. Barrow, the Secretary, were also present, as well as Mr. Walton, Mr. Braham, Mr. McEwen, and Mr. Brunton.

HOUSE CONNECTIONS WITH THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM.

The Chairman moved the following resolution, of which he had given notice:—"That the third division of the drainage scheme, namely the house connections, including privy alterations, not having yet been prepared or submitted to the Corporation, no provision of funds had been made for this work; that it is essentially necessary for the success of a night-soil system of sewerage in this country that this portion of the system should be executed by the Municipal Engineer and at the cost of the Municipality; and that the Municipal Commissioner be therefore requested to prepare and submit, with as little delay as possible, an estimate of the cost of the work for the part of the drainage system which has been already sanctioned." It was their duty, Dr. Blaney said, to get the engineer to prepare estimates and plans, and let them be agreed on, and decide what should be done. It was left to the Corporation to decide whether the extra expenditure for house connections should be paid by the Municipality or by house-owners. He was of opinion that the expenses should be charged to the Municipality. But unless they took the opportunity of the cessation of the works during the monsoon to get the plans and estimates prepared, there would be no drainage works in Bombay; and it was for that reason he had given notice of his motion.

Mr. Raghunath said that, if he remembered rightly, the whole scheme was estimated at 60 lakhs of rupees with 10 lakhs more for house connection; but the amount was considered to be so formidable that it was thrown out.

The Chairman said the amounts were 50 lakhs for the general drainage and 10 lakhs for house connections. The Corporation would most certainly have granted the additional sum if they were rightly informed upon the matter.

Mr. Dosabhoy said his impression was that 70 lakhs were proposed, and the proposition was not carried.

The Chairman had the resolution produced and read it as follows:—"That the Government of India having declined to grant the loan of sixty lakhs of rupees asked for by the Municipal Corporation in March last, this meeting is of opinion that it is inadvisable to undertake the immediate execution of the whole scheme for the drainage and sewerage of Bombay, and that with a view to exercise due caution of the whole scheme for the drainage and sewerage of Bombay, and that with a view to exercise due caution in the trial of such an experiment, the Municipal Commissioner be instructed to make an application, under section 6 of Act XXIV. of 1871, to the local Government, for authority to borrow immediately, by public tender, a sum not exceeding 27 lakhs in all, in the open market; with such conditions in detail as may be settled with the local Government under the provisions of the said Act, to be applied as follows:—First, to take the step recommended by the Bombay Government in their letter, dated 16th June, 1877, to carry out the most important portion of the scheme for removing the sewage and night-soil from Carnac Bunder and Elphinstone estate to the proposed outfall at Love Grove, and abating the nuisance caused by the pollution of the Bombay harbour with night-soil. That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to ask the Executive Engineer to prepare and submit to the Town Council and the Corporation detailed plans and estimates for the above work. Secondly, to carry into effect simultaneously with the abovementioned work the immediate construction of the Bhundarwada Reservoir and filtering works, as proposed by the Deputy Executive Engineer, at an estimated cost of 9 lakhs, for providing an increased supply of water to the eastern part of the city for domestic use for drainage purposes, and speedily extinguishing fires. That the Commissioner be requested to prepare and submit a statement showing the amount that will have to be provided on account of interest and sinking fund deposit annually on the supposition that the said works are to be completed rapidly without having recourse to additional taxation." The Chairman also read another motion of his, in connection with the subject.

The Commissioner said house connections to carry the bath-room water from the "nanuees" were not included in the scheme.

Mr. Mandlik remarked again that, until they had the plans and estimates and tried the experiment on a few houses, it would be premature to sanction the work for the whole island.

Mr. Douglas.—Does the passing of this resolution involve extra payment?

The Chairman.—No.

Mr Mandlik.—If it commits us to nothing and does not involve extra payment, I do not object.

The Chairman said that his resolution was rejected by the Corporation not on its merits. Frequent discussions were held before passing that which was finally passed, namely, the resolution for the 17 lakhs. Now, since they were committed to a drainage system, they could not help having the plans prepared. The engineer might be asked to place a scheme before the Commissioner commencing the work and there would be for the Council and the Corporation to decide what system was best suited for Bombay. There were many systems of house connections, and one of them would have to be selected. If it were not inevitably so, he would not have brought forward his resolution. Something must be done, as they saw by a great majority of the public accused of neglecting their duty inasmuch as the work was not vigorously pushed on.

Mr. Mandlik said it was one thing to read the drainage report, and quite another thing to see the drainage system, as it was, carried into execution. They now saw the materials they were working with; when whatever the outside public might blame them for, he would say that there were enlightened citizens and doctors and learned gentlemen who, when they were told that our drains in some portions of the town must pass through strata of water, expressed their surprise that the matter should have escaped notice. They feared that either the drainage system would prove ineffectual or imperfect, or that the system, when carried out, would cause a greater evil than that which they proposed to remedy by its introduction. They were not governed by the laws of the Medes and Persians. He thought that, as they were constantly receiving an expenditure in excess of 17 lakhs of rupees, the moment they found that they had made a mistake, they should try to retrace their steps and repair it, though it would be a thing to be greatly regretted. They should not fight shy of any chance criticism, and when they were satisfied of the wisdom of a particular course, they should do their best to keep to it. They should be very careful in whatever step they had to take; and the moment they found any danger, they must reverse the wheel. He for his part was perfectly willing to take his share of praise or blame. If they must have an experiment, the safest course would be to try it on a small scale and allow themselves to be guided by the light of the past. It was a question of life and death. As their drains were so far above the subsoil strata of water, if there was any leakage in the drains, the water supply of the city would be contaminated by the sewage, and the health of the city might thereby be endangered.

The Chairman said he could talk for hours on the matter, but he would not take up their time at present. Let them send the matter to the Corporation, and he thought there would be abundance of time to discuss the whole subject. He thought they might now pass the resolution.

Mr. Mandlik.—All right. Be it understood that no extra expenditure is sanctioned, and that we are not committed to any scheme of house connection.

Mr. Nowrojee questioned that it was essentially necessary (as stated in Dr. Blaney's resolution) for the success of a night-soil system of sewage that this portion of the system should be executed by the Municipal Engineer and at the cost of the Municipality.

Dr. Blaney agreed to strike out that portion of his resolution.

Mr. Douglas suggested an alteration, which was made.

Mr. Dosabhoy said that, as far as he understood the public feeling and the feeling of the Town Council, all the labour of preparing the plans and estimates would be thrown away. First, let them decide if they were to have any house connections at all; and if they were to have them, then they might discuss the subject.

Mr. Douglas said it was a perfect mystery to him, and he could not understand why they should not get estimates for a portion of the town.

The Chairman said the object was to prepare complete estimates for argument before the Corporation.

Mr. Mandlik said Mr. Douglas's suggestion was a reasonable one, that they should get estimates for a section, so that they could see what the estimate for the whole city, and yet not for a section of the city.

After some further discussion, it was proposed by the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Douglas, and resolved, that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to prepare and submit with as little delay as possible a scheme for and an estimate of the cost of the house connections and privy alterations for that part of the drainage system which has been already sanctioned, —it being understood that no increased expenditure be thereby incurred.

The Chairman said that, in connection with Mr. Mandlik's resolution passed at a previous meeting, he would bring the following letter, dated 12th inst., from the Executive Engineer on Special Duty to the Municipal Commissioner:—

SIR,—With reference to your No. 5784 calling for an estimate of the cost of making a survey of the Cammatteepura system of drainage, with the view of improving the same and connecting the houses with the drains, I have the honour to report that, as the mon-oon has now set in and the works will all be practically closed by the commencement of next month, I do not think any addition to the present staff necessary, but would propose to carry out the survey with the existing hands as they become available from the works upon which they are at present engaged. There are 1451 habitable buildings in Cammatteepura, and at present 977 privies. Careful surveys of all these will be necessary, besides preparing the drawings for the connections from the houses to the sewers. If these works are put in hand, as I have suggested, the whole scheme will be completed and ready for discussion by the close of the monsoon. There would be no advantage in engaging a large staff so as to complete this work by an earlier date as no work such as the house drainage details could be efficiently carried out during the rainy season.—I have, &c. RISNE WALTON.

The Council approved of, and sanctioned Mr. Walton's proposals.

CONTRACTS.

The seal of the Corporation was affixed to the following deeds of contracts:—With Messrs. Doulton and Co. for the supply of stoneware pipes; with Messrs. William and John Yates for the supply of pumping machinery for the drainage outfall.

THE PANWELL BRICK WORKS.

The Chairman read a memorandum from the acting Municipal Commissioner, asking the opinion of the Town Council whether all the actual charges incurred up to date for wages, materials, &c., in the manufacture of bricks at the Panwell works, repairs to machinery, &c. should be paid, as after adjusting the sale of bricks at 20 per 1,000, the total unadjusted expense would not exceed the sanctioned advances of Rs. 26,332 for the brick works and the repairs, although, probably, the whole of this sum will have to be written off, for it cannot be met from the profits of the works as was anticipated at the time the advances were sanctioned by the Town Council.

Mr. Nowrojee said there was clearly a loss of Rs. 25,000 in the working of the manufactory. At its starting, it was placed on a safe footing, and the Superintendent of the Municipal Workshops, who was placed in charge, was led distinctly to understand that the Town Council would not sanction more than Rs. 18 per 1,000 bricks. It now appeared the charge had gone up to Rs. 44 per 1,000, and the result was a loss of Rs. 25,000 to the Municipality. An enhanced grant was made for repairs to the machinery, but even that grant had been exceeded by Rs. 10,000. These excesses were unauthorised, and the officer placed in charge had violated the resolution of the Town Council, which was passed on his (Mr. Nowrojee's) motion some time ago. That resolution was as follows:—"That the Municipal Commissioner be requested strictly to prohibit the heads of different departments of the Municipality from incurring any expenditure without previously procuring the recommendation of the Town Council and the sanction of the Corporation, except in cases of emergency or unforeseen accident to machinery. Such cases to be reported immediately to the Municipal Commissioner, who may in such cases provisionally authorise the necessary outlay for which sanction is to be asked at the next meeting of the Town Council and the Corporation. No head of department shall purchase or cause to be purchased, any article, nor execute or cause to be executed any work, not included in the Budget grant, unless its sanction is certified by the Municipal Commissioner." This was one of the instances in which no regard had been paid to that resolution by the heads of departments. They had expected profit from the manufactory, and instead of a profit they had been landed into a loss of Rs. 25,000. This was much to be regretted, as the officer in question had done good service in the management of the workshops; but that service could not exonerate him from the blame which he had drawn upon himself in this instance. It gave him (Mr Nowrojee) great pain to make these remarks, but they must be made out of regard to the funds of which they were the custodians. The officer was told that he would be held responsible for the returns; and if any extra expenditure was required, it was his duty to have at once come before the Council and obtained sanction for spending a larger sum. The excess of expenditure went on until the Controller's attention was drawn to it, and he through the Commissioner, drew the attention of the officer to his reckless expenditure. Mr. Nowrojee hoped the Council would not allow the sum to be written off without taking serious notice of the unauthorised expenditure and of the violation of the Council's own resolution.

The Municipal Commissioner said he had asked at the last meeting that the subject of the manufactory should be allowed to stand over until the return of

service whether rendered in the Covenanted Civil Service or otherwise, and includes periods spent on leave with allowances.

Section 2.—During leave on Medical Certificate in excess of 15 months at one time or of 30 months in all, and during Subsidiary Leave following such excess leave, a Native Civil Servant is entitled to a quarter of his average salary. During any other Leave excepting Privilege Leave, Examination Leave, or Extraordinary Leave an officer is entitled to half his average salary :—Provided that the leave allowances of an officer shall in no case exceed his actual salary when he was last before on duty.

Section 3.—Leave on Medical Certificate may be granted for three years in all, but not for than two years at one time.

Section 4.—An Officer may take either Leave on Private Affairs or Furlough, as follows, but not both these kinds of Leave :—(b) Leave on Private Affairs may be taken, first, after not less than six years' service and thereafter, at intervals of not less than six years. The duration of Leave on Private Affairs must not exceed six months at one time. (c) Furlough, not exceeding two years in all, may be taken, first, after not less than ten years' service, and, thereafter, at intervals of not less than eight years. The duration of Furlough must not exceed one year at one time, unless it be taken, for the first time, after not less than eighteen years' service, when it may extend to two years.

Section 5.—Subsidiary Leave, Privilege Leave, and Examination Leave may be granted to a Native Civil Servant under Chapters VI, VII, and VIII of the Code.

Section 6—The Local Government may grant Extraordinary Leave without allowances at its discretion. Subject to the provisions of Section 10, there is no limit to the length or frequency of Leave under this Section ; and it may be granted in continuation of any leave with allowances excepting Privilege Leave.

Section 7.—Leave taken by a Native Civil Servant before his appointment to an office in the Covenanted Civil Service, shall, for the purpose of calculating the Leave admissible to him under this Supplement, be treated as Leave taken under this Supplement.

Section 8.—Leave on Private Affairs or Furlough may not be granted in continuation of any Leave except Subsidiary Leave ; but any Leave granted under these Rules may be retrospectively changed for any other kind or amount of Leave which might at first have been granted. If a Native Civil Servant absent on Privilege Leave, Leave on Private Affairs, or Furlough, takes extension of Leave on Medical Certificate, the whole of his absence must be treated as Leave on Medical Certificate. 1. Extraordinary Leave cannot be changed retrospectively into Leave on Medical Certificate, may be given in continuation of Extraordinary Leave.

Section 9.—A Native Civil Servant who has reached the age of fifty-five years is not eligible for any Leave, excepting Privilege Leave. Leave, other than Privilege Leave, granted to a Native Civil Servant before his fifty-fifth birthday cannot extend beyond that date.

Section 10.—If a Native Civil Servant is absent without leave, or remains absent after the end of Leave (excepting Privilege Leave, in which case a week's grace is allowed), he vacates his appointment ; and, after the five years' continuous absence from duty, whether with or without leave, a Native Civil Servant ceases to belong to the Public Service. 1. A Native Civil Servant who takes Leave other than Privilege Leave or Examination Leave, has no claim to return to the particular appointment from which he took Leave.

Section 12.—The procedure upon Application for Leave is that prescribed in Chapter XIV of the Code.

SUPPLEMENT B.—RULE XXIV.—Page 232.

After "Servant" add "or a Native Civil Servant."

After "Servants" add "or Native Civil Servants as the case may be."

ACTING ALLOWANCE CODE. SECTION 2.—Page 266.

Add—including a Native of India appointed to an office in the Covenanted Civil Service in accordance with the Rules framed under Section 6, Act 33 Vic., Cap. 3.

CHAPTER II.—Page 269.

Add—Section 9 A.—The pay of an office held by a Native Civil Servant is, unless otherwise specially ordered, 64 per cent of what would be the gross pay of the office if it were held by a Covenanted Civil Servant appointed after competitive examination in England.

BENGAL.

DEATHS IN CALCUTTA.—During the week ended the 5th June, there were 144 deaths registered in Calcutta, giving a death-rate of 17·4 per thousand per annum. In the previous week there were 141 deaths, and the death-rate was 17·1 per thousand. There were 2 deaths from small-pox, 4 from cholera, 38 from fevers, 13 from tetanus, and 4 from causes not specified. The deaths are thus classified : 5 non-Asiatics, 7 mixed races, 83 Hindus, 48 Muhammadans, and 1 of other races. The most unhealthy ward was Puddopookur, with a death-rate of 26·6 per thousand per annum, and there were no deaths in the Park Street and Waterloo Street wards.

HONOUR TO MOULVI ABDUL LUTIF KHAN BAHADUR.—A very interesting ceremony has taken place at Alipore, in the office of Mr. J. Monro, the Commissioner of the Presidency Division, namely, the presentation to Moulvi Abdul Lutif Khan Bahadur, Magistrate of the Suburban Police Court at Sealdah, the *Sunad* and *Khillut* of the title of "Nawab," which had been conferred upon him by the Government of India, in recognition of the public services rendered by the distinguished Moulvi, chiefly in the cause of the education and improvement of the Mahomedan community of India. The *khillut* consisted of a diamond ring, a valuable *supesh* with *kulghi* and a sword with richly embroidered belt and shield. Afterwards, Mr. Macaulay, the Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, placed a handsome gold watch guard round the Moulvi's neck, and handed over to him a valuable gold watch, with an engraved inscription to the following effect :—"Presented to Moulvi Abdul Lutif, Khan Bahadur, *with the title of Nawab*, conferred upon him by His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India. Calcutta, 12th April, 1880." The Commissioner then presented the Moulvi with the *sunad* of the title of "Nawab" after reading it, and in doing so, addressed him as follows :—"Nawab Abdul Lutif, —The Government of India having been pleased to confer on you the title of 'Nawab,' the duty of delivering to you the *sunad*, under which this distinction is conveyed, has devolved upon me. "Throughout a lengthened official career, the services which you have rendered have, on more than one occasion, called forth an expression of marked approval and commendation from Government, and the estimation in which these services are held by Government has not only been officially communicated, but publicly acknowledged. It is needless, therefore, for me to recapitulate these services, amidst your personal friends and the officials of the district, in which the greater part of your official career has been passed. "I have, therefore, now the pleasure to hand to you the *sunad*, conferring on you the title of 'Nawab.'" The Nawab presented the usual *Nuzzurana*, and made the following reply :—" Sir,—I cannot find words to give adequate expression to my feelings of gratitude for the great honour which Government has been pleased to confer upon me, and I consider it fortunate that I receive it through the hands of my official superior. " It has pleased Government, from time to time, to recognize my humble services to the cause of Mahomedan improvement ; and this last honor conferred upon an old and faithful servant, will, I feel sure, convince my co-religionists of the interest which the Government takes in their progress."

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.

HEALTH OF THE PUNJAB.—The latest returns of mortality in the Punjab are for the week ending the 22nd May, during which 7,547 persons died, as against 7,864 in the preceding seven days. In this last period there were no cholera deaths ; two occurred during the week under review. There was also an increase in small-pox deaths, from 215 to 246. The districts which suffered most from this disease were Derah Ismail Khan and Bannu, in which 73 and 34 deaths occurred, respectively.

MADRAS.

AN AFFRAY.—An affray between some men of the 24th Regiment N. I. encamped on the Poodoopett maidan, and some pariahs residing in the Egmore Parcherry, took place on Saturday night last. Fists and clubs were freely used, and several on either side were more or less hurt. One man who was severely handled was conveyed to the hospital. The arrival of the police put an end to the fight.—*Mail.*

JOURNAL OF THE AFGHAN WAR OF 1842.

(Continued from Tuesday's "Bombay Gazette.")

THE ADVANCE THROUGH THE PASSES ON KABUL.

THE army was divided into two divisions for the advance, and the 1st division, under the Commanding-general, moved forward on the 7th September to Soorkab. The divisionconsisted of Her Majesty's 3rd Dragoons, Her Majesty's 9th and 13th Foot, 26th, 35th, and wing 60th regiments Native Infantry ; one squadron of 1st Light Cavalry, 400 Irregular Horse, Sappers and Miners, Captain Abbott's Battery, two guns Horse Artillery, and the mountain train.

On the 8th our division, the 2nd, marched to Soorkab, 8 miles, under command of Major-General McCaskill. We had with us two squadrons 1st Light Cavalry, 200 Irregular Horse, four guns Horse Artillery, Her Majesty's 31st Foot, five companies 33rd, five companies 60th regiment Native Infantry, Captain Ferris's Jezzailchee regiment, and a body of Sikh troops, about 500 men, under the direction of Captain Henry Lawrence.

A force of artillery, cavalry, and infantry was left at Gundamuck, to keep open our communications with Jellalabad.

Our small army when thus divided was not a bit too strong for the work before them—viz., marching through a mountainous and very difficult country, with numerous difficult and narrow passes, defended by a brave and enterprising, though undisciplined army.

Fortunately for us, the Affghans are very badly provided with artillery, and do not know how to use the guns they have, with effect.

Soon after leaving our ground we passed close under, on our right hand, the Hill of Gundamuck, on which the last of the Kabul army were destroyed. We halted under it, and everybody rode and ran up it, to see this celebrated spot. The hill was covered with the skeletons of those who were slain, in every attitude as they fell. The skeletons were in wonderful preservation, as, when they were killed, the snow lay thick upon the ground ; and after the snow melted, the hot summer sun burnt and parched them up. The result of the double action of the snow and sun was that the skeletons were still covered with skin like brown parchment, and those that had not been torn by birds and wild beasts, were so perfect that many of them were recognised by those who had known them in life, and in most cases it was quite possible to trace the marks of the bullet or sword that had killed them. The faces and hair were wonderfully perfect, the only part of the faces disfigured being the noses, which were sunk. Many of the skeletons had pieces of uniform and clothes still hanging to them, though in most cases they were quite naked, having been stripped and plundered.

It was a shocking sight for English soldiers to behold, and many a deep vow of vengeance was made by those who witnessed it, which was fulfilled to the best of our ability, as no quarter was given in actual action after this.

I was on rear guard to-day. We only left camp at 8 o'clock, although the advance guard started at daylight, as it took a long time before the immense line of baggage had followed along the road, and we arrived in camp at one o'clock, as the road was pretty good and open all the way, with alternate ascents and descents.

No enemy showed this morning. They are said to have retired before the first division to the strong position of Jugdulluck.

Encamped in a valley surrounded by hills which we covered with our piquets, for the protection of the camp.

To Jugdulluck, 9th September, 13 miles.—Soon after leaving our ground we were fired upon from a hill before us.

The road ascended the whole way from Soorkab to the top of the Jugdulluck pass. There were a great many steep and difficult places along the road up which the infantry had to drag the guns, and our fellows did this hard work with the greatest good humour. We saw numerous parties of Affghans perched on the hills on both sides of us as we moved along the road. These gentry attacked the advance,but were beaten off. They then turned their attention to the rear guard, which they followed up closely to the top of the pass, where the column had halted to allow the rear to close up, and the baggage to get on ahead.

At this time the firing in the rear was very sharp, and a great many men were hit. When the rear guard came up we passed on again for camp ground, distant about three miles.

The Pass now became very narrow, not many yards wide, with hills on both sides, covered with stunted oak and holly affording excellent cover for the enemy, and of which they perfectly understood how to take every advantage. We were fired into, all through this Pass, which was about two miles long.

The remains of the barrier which was erected by the Affghans to check the retreat of General Elphinstone's army, and at which so many of his troops were slain, still existed in the Pass, and the ground was covered thickly with the skeletons of his soldiers, which were ground under the wheels of our guns and the hoofs of our cavalry, as our army pressed onwards !

We encamped in the bed of a river surrounded by hills. The piquets were firing a good deal during the night, and began at it again in the morning.

We started from Soorkab at 5 A. M., but did not arrive in camp till dark, after being all day exposed to a hot sun, which had a very unpleasant effect on the face. The 31st had killed and wounded an officer and about forty men, and the brigade about eighty. The leading division under General Pollock had an engagement in the Jugdulluck Pass the day before, and lost an officer killed, and about eighty men killed and wounded.

We passed a good many bodies of sepoys and camp followers lying on the road, who had been killed the day before by the enemy.

Rood-i-Kutta-Sung, Sept. 10.—There is a steep ascent immediately on leaving camp, and on the top of it the remains of an old fort, which was filled with skeletons of the Kabul army. In dragging the guns up this ascent, we had an officer and some men wounded. After this the country became more open, and gradually descended into camp, at which we arrived about sunset ; ground very stony and confined ; no forage for cattle whatever. Piquets firing at night.

Tazeen, 11.—We made a forced march this day in order to join General Pollock's division at Tazeen, and assist in the forcing of the Koord Kabul Pass, which we were told had been fortified by Ukhbar-Khan, who was prepared to defend it with a large body of Affghans. Halfway between Kutta Sung and Tazeen, we passed a tomb under a tree ; this is the regular halting place, road pretty good, wider than usual. The advance guard, with which I was, arrived in camp a little before sunset ; my company had scarcely taken off their accoutrements, when we were ordered to re-establish a piquet of Sappers and Miners, who had just been dislodged from the summit of a high hill by the enemy. The hill was very high and particularly steep, and we were a long time getting up. The enemy were beaten off, and the post re-established by a company of Her Majesty's 13th, before we could get to the top. Hill 7,000 feet above the level of the. We remained up here all night—very cold night—and all the next day. Our rear guard got well peppered coming in this evening, which looked very pretty in the dusk of the evening from our post, from which we saw it to advantage.

Halt, September 12th— Firing in the valleys all day between the camel guards and enemy. During the night a strong piquet of the 60th Regiment Native Infantry were attacked, and half of them killed and wounded, and driven from their post. Four companies of the 31st had to turn out and ascend the hills in the dark to re-establish the post, and had some firing, but when the Affghans heard the English voices they did not wait for them. A heavy fire was kept up all night, and the hoarse yelling of the Gilzies, the whizzing of bullets and getting under arms twice during the night, completely banished sleep, although I had had no rest for thirty hours previously. This halt was made to rest the baggage cattle. The Affghans thought we funked, and instead of waiting for us at Koord Kabul, as they intended, they came on to meet us to the Tazeen Pass.

Koord Kabul, September 13th.—This day we forced the Tazeen and Huft Kotil Passes, which were defended by Ukhbar Khan in person, with about 10,000 Affghans, and four pieces of artillery. Our advance and rear guards were very strong. The advance guard moved at 5 a. m., and crowned the heights on both sides of the Pass as they went along, leaving parties on every commanding height as they advanced, and meeting with considerable resistance. Numbers of the enemy were killed, many even stood to be bayoneted, and the cavalry with the rear guard sabred a great many in the valley just after they left the old ground. Strong flanking parties were left on each side of the road to defend the baggage, and the column pushed on into camp. At the top of the Huft Kotil we took four pieces of artillery which had not been brought into action, and were abandoned. The result of the day was that Ukhbar Khan was completely beaten, and retreated towards Kabul, and most of his army disbanded itself. The loss on our side must have been very considerable in to-day's battle, as there was much fighting. The whole of the 31st, with the exception of twenty grenadiers with the colours, were on the heights, and engaged. The wing commandant of Ferris's Jezzailchees, a very fine fellow, was amongst the killed. Encamped near a little mud fort called Koord Kabul.

Bootkhak, September 14th— 8 miles.—About two miles from camp we entered the Koord Kabul pass, which is certainly the most formidable looking of all the passes between Jellalabad and Kabul. The pass is very narrow, and a little river about a foot deep runs through it. The hills on both sides are very high and steep, and composed of a slaty rock, and can only be crowned by following particular paths. About the middle of the pass we found two sungas made of loose stones which had been thrown up by Mahommed Ukhbar. If they had been defended, we would have come to the point of the bayonet, and although we should have lost many, a great number of the enemy would have been slaughtered, as they could not have got away from us, and the cavalry would have followed them up to the gates of Kabul. The Balla Hissar or citadel of Kabul is visible from Bootkhak. We encamped in clover fields, which was a decided improvement on the narrow, stony valleys we had just left.

From Gundamuck to Bootkhak the passes are strewed with *the skeletons of the unfortunate* Kabul army, particularly in the Jugdullvok, Tazeen, and Koord-Kabul passes. The slaughter must have been terrific. The bodies, from having been killed in January, were preserved by the snow, and were very perfect, particularly the faces, and many of them were recognised.

Seah-Sung, near Kabul, Sept. 15th—7 miles. Marched this morning to within two miles of Kabul, and heard that the prisoners had been carried off by order of Ukhbar Khan towards Bameann. A party of Kuzzilbash Horse under Lieutenant Shakespeare were sent after them. He succeeded in recovering them. General Sale was sent out to support him a few days after, as the Hazzarahs threatened a re-capture. Sale met them at the foot of the Khoee Baba, and brought them all into camp on the 23rd September.

Balla Hissar, 16th—On the morning of the 16th the whole of the Grenadier companies of regiments, 3rd Light Dragoons, and a troop of of Horse Artillery, were marched from camp with General Pollock, to take possession of Kabul, and hoist the British colours in the Balla-Hissar or citadel.

We passed through a part of the city, which was almost quite deserted ; the doors of all the houses locked. We entered the Balla-Hissar by the city gate, formed up in a line facing the Audience Hall. As soon as the colours were hoisted on the highest part of the citadel, we presented arms and cheered ; the artillery fired a royal salute. We were ordered to remain in garrison till further orders. Made ourselves comfortable in a part of the palace. In the Hissar we found about thirty pieces of cannon, many of them curiously carved. These were taken to India.

(To be continued.)

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HOW to PREVENT DISEASE and PREMATURE DEATH by natural means, use
ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."

WHAT EVERY TRAVELLING TRUNK and HOUSEHOLD in the world ought to contain—
A BOTTLE of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."
Without such a simple precaution the jeopardy of life is immensely increased.
ENO'S FRUIT SALT.

THE NURSERY.
THE BRAIN FOOD in CHILDHOOD.
SLEEP.
HEALTH in CHILDHOOD.
FRESH AIR, and
ENO'S FRUIT SALT
PREPARED FROM SOUND RIPE FRUIT.
IMPORTANT to PARENTS.

SHOULD a parent have nothing to bestow on a child but a narrow education, still he will bless you if you form his body to health, and strength, and activity, whether he earns his simple meal by labour at the plough, anvil, or axe. On the contrary, if you neglect his health and strength, and leave him a debilitated wretch, he will curse you, though a millionaire.
ENO'S FRUIT SALT is an INDISPENSABLE REQUISITE in the PRESERVATION of CHILDREN'S HEALTH.
INJUDICIOUS DIET.

AS a gentle LAXATIVE or TONIC it is pleasant to the taste, and much superior to nauseous drugs ; it corrects the ill effects of late hours, overfeasting, or exhaustion, and is extremely beneficial in any feverishness or heat of the skin. Unlike other salines, instead of lowering the system, it invigorates it. The FRUIT SALT ought to be kept in every nursery, not only for use as a health-giving, pleasant,
COOLING, REFRESHING, and INVIGORATING BEVERAGE, but also as a convenient and valuable remedial agent. Colds, feverishness, fevers, inflammatory diseases, &c. Many fevers and other inflammatory diseases would be thrown off, or greatly modified, if the FRUIT SALT and a blanket bath were used at the outset.
In disorders of the stomach or of impure blood it is invaluable, for not the least of its recommendations is its resemblance to fruit in the natural way in which it relieves the system of effete matter, which, if retained, poisons the blood. Its advantage over fruit is that it can always be at hand when required : at the same time it is in every respect as harmless as the juices of ripe fruits, from which it has been obtained.
STIMULANTS and insufficient amount of exercise frequently derange the liver. ENO'S FRUIT SALT is peculiarly adapted for any constitutional weakness of the liver. A world of woes is avoided by those who keep and use ENO'S FRUIT SALT.—"All our customers for ENO'S FRUIT SALT would not be without it upon any consideration, they having received so much benefit from it."—WOOD BROTHERS, Chemists, Jersey, 1878.

ANY EMERGENCY.
IT ought to be kept in every bedroom, in readiness for any emergency, for under any circumstances its use is beneficial, and never can do harm.
"Sincerity is the test. A new invention is brought before the public and commands success. A score of *abominable imitations* are immediately introduced by the unscrupulous, who, in copying the original closely enough to deceive the public, and yet not so exactly as to infringe upon legal rights, exercise an ingenuity that employed in an original channel could not fail to secure reputation and profit.—*Adams.* CAUTION.—Examine each bottle, and see the capsule is marked "ENO'S FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by worthless imitations. Sold by all chemists. Price 2*s*. 9*d*. and 4*s*. 6*d*. Prepared only at ENO'S Fruit Salt Works, Hatcham, London, S.E., by J. C. ENO'S patent.
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N. B.—The Trade supplied on liberal terms.

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BEG to invite special attention to their OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT, and to assure Gentlemen favouring them with their orders, that this department is under the IMMEDIATE CHARGE AND SUPERINTENDENCE of a THOROUGHLY PRACTICAL ENGLISH CUTTER, and Gentlemen may confidently rely on every attention being paid to their orders.
The New Stock of Tweeds and Angolas which is just to hand, we can with confidence recommend as being well worthy of the inspection, which we hope they will be accorded.

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